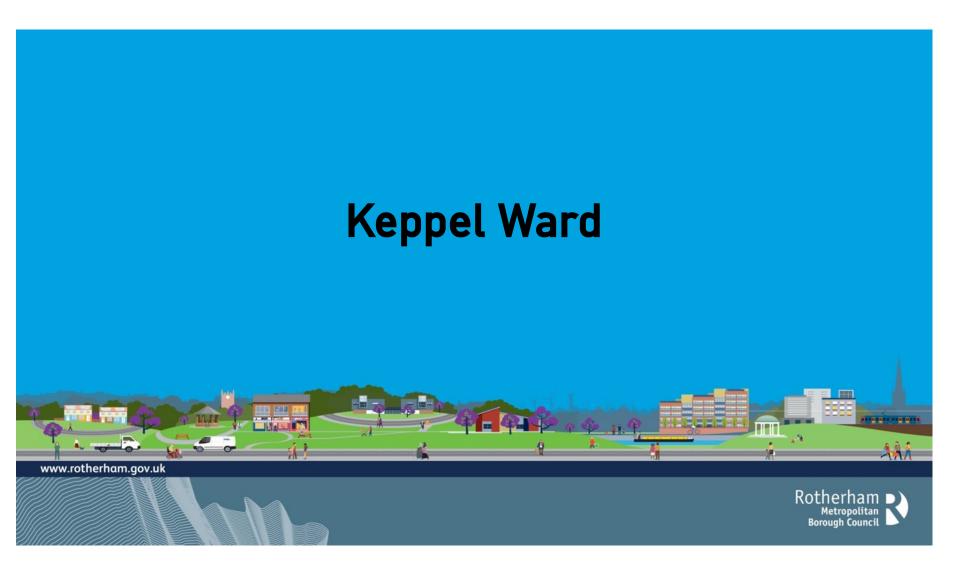
# Rotherham ward profiles

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024





Ward location



# Ward profiles - introduction

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Please select a ward from the options below to view data relating to that ward.

#### Select a ward

Anston & Woodsetts...

Maltby East Ward

Aston & Todwick Ward

Rawmarsh East Ward

Aughton & Swallown...

Rawmarsh West Ward

**Boston Castle Ward** 

Rother Vale Ward

Bramley & Ravenfiel...

Rotherham East Ward

Brinsworth Ward

Rotherham West Wa..

Dalton & Thrybergh ...

Sitwell Ward

Dinnington Ward

Swinton Rockingha...

Greasbrough Ward

Thurcroft & Wickersl..

Hellaby & Maltby W...

Wales Ward

Hoober Ward

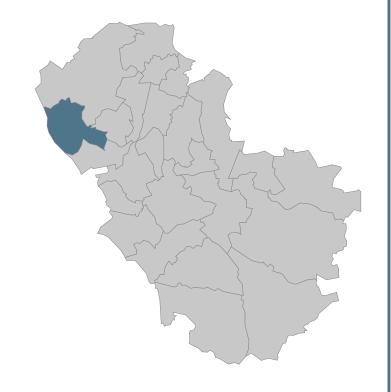
Wath Ward

Keppel Ward

Wickersley North W...

Kilnhurst & Swinton ...

## Ward location



# Description

Keppel Ward lies in north west Rotherham with a population of 13,644 (2021 census). The ward is represented by three members of the Council The western boundary is formed as the boundary of the Borough with the M1 motorway including junction 35. In the south east of the ward is the council estate of Kimberworth Park which is the most deprived area of Keppel. In the north west of the ward is the village of Thorpe Hesley with 4,200 residents, a mainly affluent area popular with commuters. In the centre of the ward is the landmark of Keppel's column, from which the ward takes its name. The central part of the ward is more rural and includes the small village of Scholes with 310 residents.

#### Contents

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



# Rotherham context

Rotherham is one of four metropolitan boroughs in South Yorkshire. It is divided into 25 wards covering a wide range of urban, suburban and rural areas. Rotherham's population of 266,200 (Census 2021) mostly live in urban areas, however 70% of Rotherham Borough is open countryside.

The 25 ward profiles contain data from a range of sources to enable a greater understanding of the individual local areas. The documents are available as a downloadable and printer friendly version (pdf.) and also via the online interactive tool located within the 'Community and Neighbourhoods' section of the Rotherham Data Hub - www.rotherham.gov.uk/data

The information is divided up into a number of sections, containing data relating to topic areas such as demographics, education, and health and wellbeing.

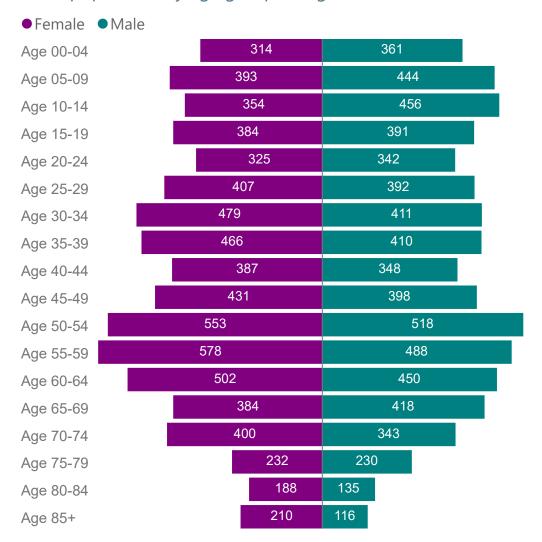
Section number	Contents
1: DEMOGRAPHICS	Information on the population make up of the ward, including age breakdown, ethnicity and religion (Census 2021)
2: HOUSING & HOUSEHOLDS	Information on housing tenure, types of dwellings and household composition and size (Census 2021)
3: EMPLOYMENT & CLAIMANT COUNT	Data on unemployment claimants aged 16-64 and types of employment within the ward
4: HEALTH & WELLBEING	General health and disability data (Census 2021). Data on life expectancy, death rates and weight measurements of children
5: EDUCATION	Highest level of education (Census 2021). The KS2 and KS4 education outcomes for children
6: DEPRIVATION	Information on the overall IMD rank and two of its subsets
7: COMMUNITY ASSETS	Map showing the location and number of community assets located in (or near) the ward
8: ENVIRONMENT	Information on accessibility to open and green space in the ward (according to the Green Space Index 2023)
9. CRIME	Data showing recorded crime and anti-social behaviour statistics for the ward

# Population (age breakdown)

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# Ward population by age group and gender (Census 2021)



# **Keppel Ward**

13644 -555 -3.90 Total population 2021 Change from 2011 % change from 2011

# Population description

The population of Keppel ward has fallen slightly since 2011 in contrast to the increasing borough population. The age structure of the population is broadly similar to the Rotherham average.

Age	Ward Population	Ward Percentage	Rotherham Percentage
Age 00-15	2493	18.27	18.89
Age 16-24	1272	9.32	9.60
Age 25-44	3300	24.19	25.09
Age 45-64	3923	28.75	26.76
Age 65+	2656	19.47	19.66
Total	13644	100.00	100.00

#### Data source

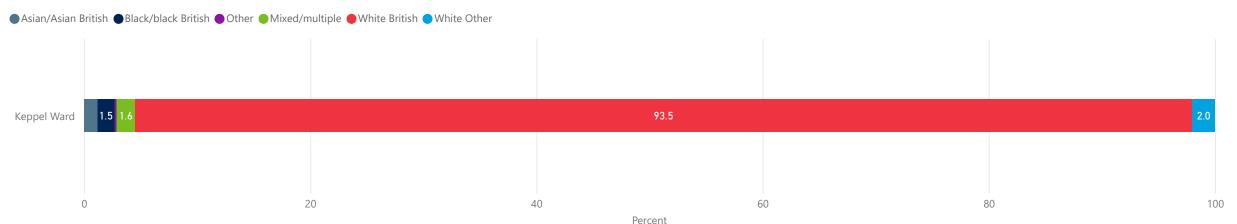
Census 2021, Office for National Statistics. Data is updated every 10 years.

# Ethnicity

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



# Ethnicity of ward residents (Census 2021)



# Ward ethnicity

Keppel is among the 80% of wards in Rotherham where the white British population exceeds 90%. However, the 2020 School and Pupil Census shows ethnic minority pupils accounting for over 10% of the school age population.

### Data source

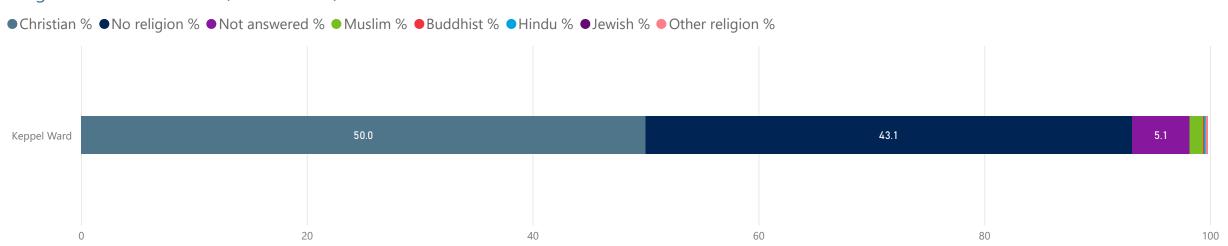
<u>TS021 - Ethnic group - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics</u> (nomisweb.co.uk)

Data is updated every 10 years.

Ethnicity	Ward %	Rotherham %	England %
White British	93.50	88.30	74.70
Asian/Asian British	1.20	5.30	9.60
White Other	2.00	2.80	6.30
Mixed/multiple	1.60	1.40	3.00
Black/Black British	1.50	1.10	4.20
Other	0.20	1.10	2.20



# Religion of ward residents (Census 2021)



Percent

# Religion key findings

The largest religion within the ward is Christian, which accounts for 50% of the ward population. This is followed by no religion which accounts for 43.1% of the ward population.

#### Data source

TS030 - Religion - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk)

Data is updated every 10 years.

Religion	Ward %	Rotherham %	England %
Buddhist	0.10	0.20	0.50
Christian	50.00	49.00	46.30
Hindu	0.10	0.30	1.80
Jewish	0.00	0.00	0.50
Muslim	1.20	5.10	6.70
No religion	43.10	39.80	36.70
Not answered	5.10	5.20	6.00
Other religion	0.20	0.40	0.60
Sikh	0.10	0.20	0.90

## Housing

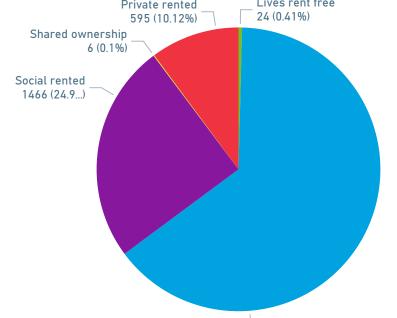
DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024





● Lives rent free ● Owned ● Social rented ● Shared ownership ● Private rented

Private rented \_\_\_\_\_\_ Lives rent free \_\_\_\_\_\_ 24 (0.41%)



# Data source

TS054 - Housing Tenure - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk)

Owned 3789 (64.44%)

Data is updated every 10 years.

# Dwellings

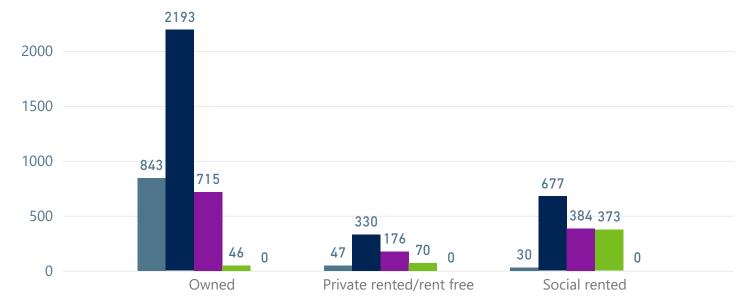
# **Keppel Ward**

6066 Total dwellings (2021 Census) 5961 Total dwellings (2011 Census) 1.80

Change since 2011 (%)







#### Households

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



## Number of households

**Keppel Ward** 

5884 5961 -1.30

Households (2021 Census) Households (2011 Census) Change since 2011 (%)

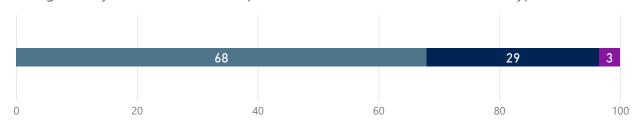
Population Density (no. of residents per square Kilometre) 2021 Census

**Keppel Ward** 

1,429.70 927.70 Ward Rotherham

### Household composition in ward

● Single family household % ● One person household % ● Other household types %

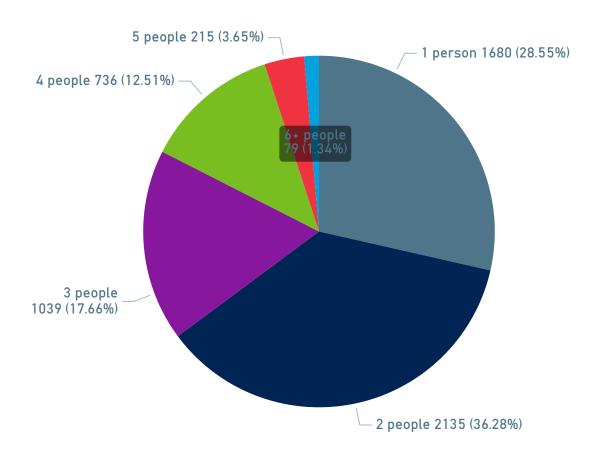


#### Data source

TS003 - Household Composition - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics
TS017 - Household Size - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics
Data is updated every 10 years.

# Ward household size (2021 Census)

●1 person ●2 people ●3 people ●4 people ●5 people ●6+ people



# Unemployment claimants aged 16 to 64





Unemployment Claimant Count measures the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits, such as jobseeker's allowance or universal credit claimants.

Whilst it does not represent all of those that are out of work (as some people who are not working will not be claiming any benefits) it provides a useful indication of unemployment levels and the state of the local labour market.

### Claimant count July 2023

6	5960	290
F	Rotherham	Ward

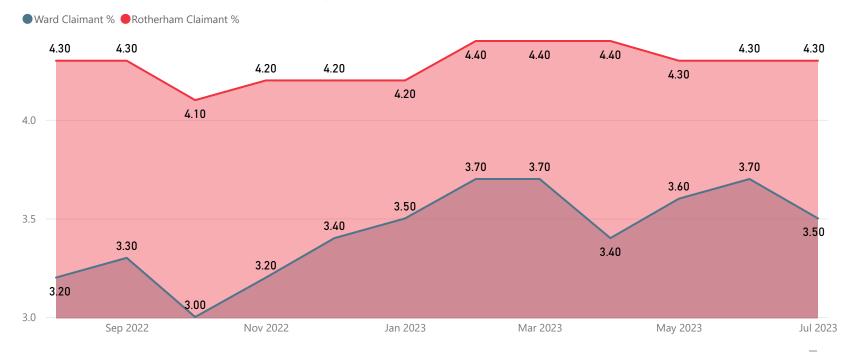
# Key findings

In Keppel ward the total claimant count in July 2023 is 290, which is 3.5% of the working age population. This is lower than the Rotherham average where the claimant count is 4.3% of the working age population.

Ward rank - by percentage of claimants (where 1 is worst and 25 is best)



# Claimant percentage of working age population, Ward & Rotherham August 2022-July 2023



Data source
Office for National Statistics claimant count - via NOMIS
Data updated monthly.



DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The table (right) shows the number of employment opportunities (employees) located within the ward, according to their broad industrial group, together with the percentage of those employed by broad industrial group in the ward, and the Rotherham average percentage of those employed by broad industrial group. This data is taken from the 2021 Census.

# Key findings

Keppel ward has a high proportion of local employment in Education and Accommodation and Catering. Keppel ward contains jobs for only 16% of the working age population, with most working elsewhere.

Data source

<u>Business Register and Employment Survey - NOMIS</u>

Data updated annually

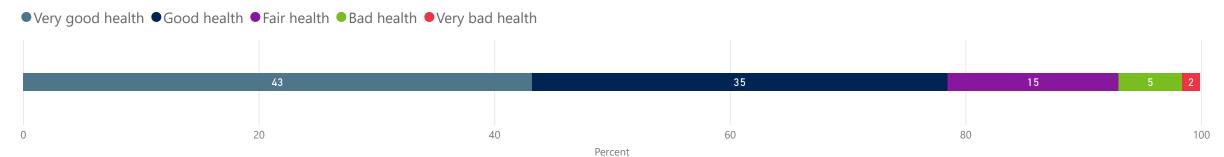
Type of Employment	No. of employees in ward	Ward percentage	Rotherham average percentage
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	0	0.00	0.04
Financial & insurance	0	0.00	1.78
Mining, quarrying & utilities	0	0.00	1.59
Property	0	0.00	0.54
Wholesale	0	0.00	3.92
Motor trades	15	1.22	2.62
Transport & storage (inc postal)	15	1.22	5.52
Manufacturing	20	1.63	14.50
Arts, entertainment, recreation & other services	55	4.47	3.09
Professional, scientific & technical	55	4.47	3.03
Business administration & support services	60	4.88	8.57
Information & communication	60	4.88	1.71
Public administration & defence	70	5.69	5.66
Construction	100	8.13	7.69
Retail	100	8.13	9.19
Health	185	15.04	15.23
Accommodation & food services	195	15.85	6.63
Education	300	24.39	8.71
Total	1230	100.00	100.00

#### General health

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024







In Census 2021, respondents were asked to assess their general health on a five-point scale from 'very good' to 'very bad'. As Census 2021 took place during the COVID-19 pandemic, people may have been influenced in how they perceived and rated their health.

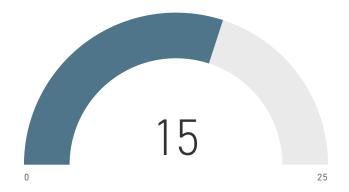
# Key findings

In Keppel 43.2% are in very good health, and 1.5% are in very bad health. In comparison, in Rotehrham 44.3% are in very good health and 1.6% are in very bad health.

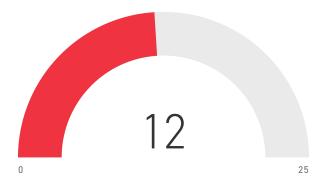
#### Data source

<u>TS037 - General health - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk)</u>
Data is updated every 10 years.

Good or very good health - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst



Bad or very bad health - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is worst and 25 is best



# Disability

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024









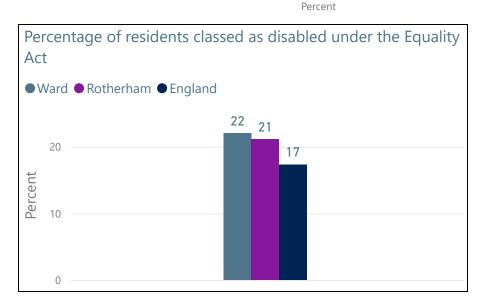
## Key findings

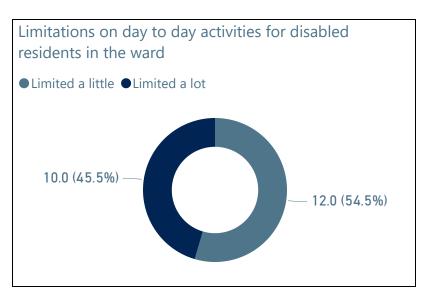
According to Census 2021, in Keppel ward, 22% of the population are considered to be disabled under the Equality Act 2010, compared to 21.1% in Rotherham and 17.3% in England.

Data Source

TS038 - Disability - NOMIS - Official Census
and Labour Market Statistics

Data updated every 10 years.





The definition of disability in Census 2021 was: People who assessed their day to day activities as limited by long-term physical or mental health conditions of illnesses are considered disabled. Thus definition of a disabled person meets the harmonised standard for measuring disability and is in line with the Equality Act (2010).

# Life expectancy at birth

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



Life expectancy at birth is the average number of years a person living in a particular area would expect to live based on modern mortality rates in that area. It is a measure of the average length of life and the the best overarching indicator of the health of the population.

Liife expectancy in Rotherham is lower than the national average for men and women. Life expectancy can be impacted by a number of factors and in Rotherham lower life expectancy rates are driven by premature deaths due to respiratory diseases, causes considered preventable and circulatory diseases.

# Male and female life expectancy, ward, Rotherham and England

80.80	78.80
Ward female	Ward male
81.30	77.60
Rotherham female	Rotherham male
83.20 England female	<b>79.50</b> England male

2016-20	5 years
Time period	Time period range

# Worse

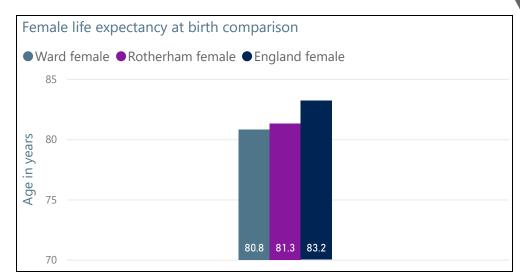
Ward better or worse than England average

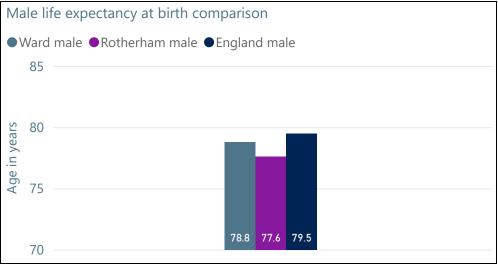
## Key findings

In the period 2016-2020, Keppel ward's life expectancy at birth for females is 80.8 years and for males is 78.8 years. This is worse than the England average. In comparison, Rotherham's life expectancy for females is 81.3 years and for males is 77.6 years.

#### Data source

<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID.</u>
Data is updated annually.





#### Causes of death - stroke

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from stroke (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from stroke for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall stroke burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

#### A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20 5 years
Time period Time period range

# Similar

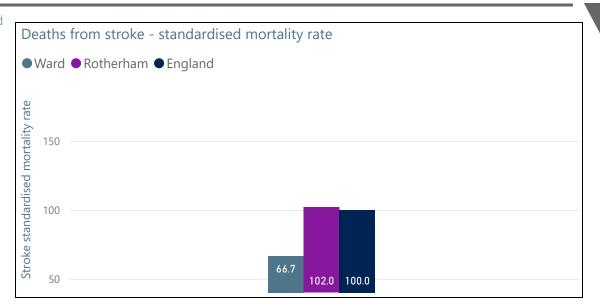
Ward better or worse than England average

#### Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from strokes in Keppel ward is 66.7. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for stroke deaths in a Rotherham ward is 56.7 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 185.8 in Rother Vale ward.

#### Data source

<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data is updated annually.





# Causes of death - respiratory disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from respiratory disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from respiratory disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall respiratory disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

#### A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths



# Similar

Ward better or worse than England average

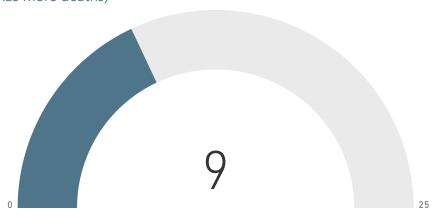
#### Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from respiratory disease in Keppel ward is 122.9. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from respiratory disease in a Rotherham ward is 79.9 in Bramley & Ravenfield ward and the highest ratio is 209.1 in Rother Vale ward.

#### Data source

<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data updated annually.





# Causes of death - coronary heart disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from coronary heart disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from coronary heart disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall coronary heart disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

#### A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20 5 years
Time period Time period range

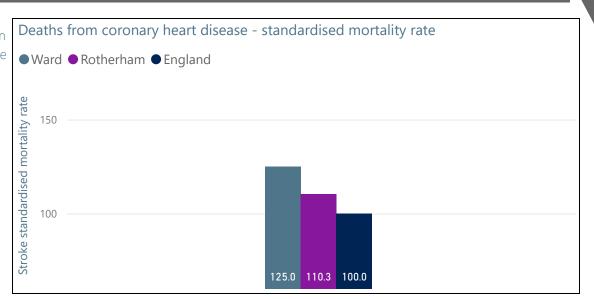
# Similar

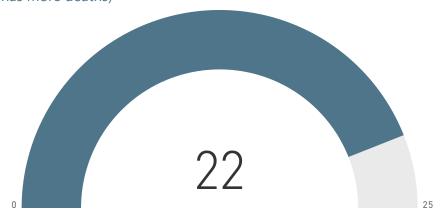
Ward better or worse than England average

#### Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from coronary heart disease in Keppel ward is 125. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from coronary heart disease in a Rotherham ward is 76.2 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 152.1 in Rotherham East ward.

Data source
<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u>
Data updated annually





# Causes of death - circulatory disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from circulatory disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from circulatory disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall circulatory disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

#### A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20 5 years
Time period Time period range

# Similar

Ward better or worse than England average

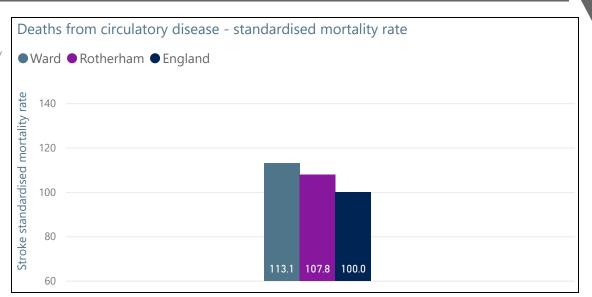
#### Key findings

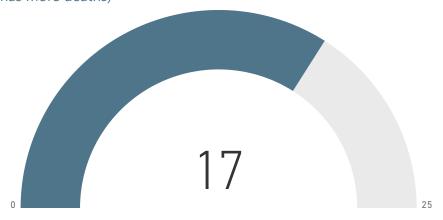
In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from circulatory disease in Keppel ward is 113.1. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from circulatory disease in a Rotherham ward is 73.5 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 141.9 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source

<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u>

Data updated annually





#### Causes of death - cancer

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from cancer (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from cancer for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall cancer burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

#### A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20 5 years
Time period Time period range

# Worse

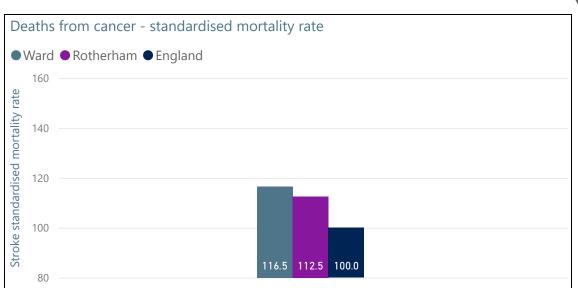
Ward better or worse than England average

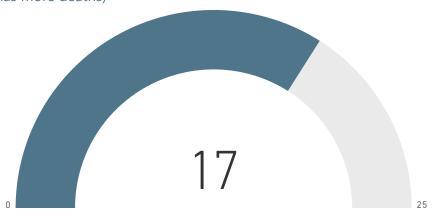
#### Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from cancer in Keppel ward is 116.5. This is worse than England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from cancer in a Rotherham ward is 94.2 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 152.1 in Rother Vale ward.

#### Data source

Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID Data updated annually.





# Overweight and obesity in children (Reception)

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of children in Reception class (aged 4-5 years) and year 6 (aged 10-11 years), to assess overweight and obesity levels in children within primary schools.

The data can be used at a local level to inform the planning and delivery of services for children. Children who live in the most deprived areas are more than twice as likely to be living with obesity than those living in the least deprived areas

2019/20-2021/22

3 Years

Time period

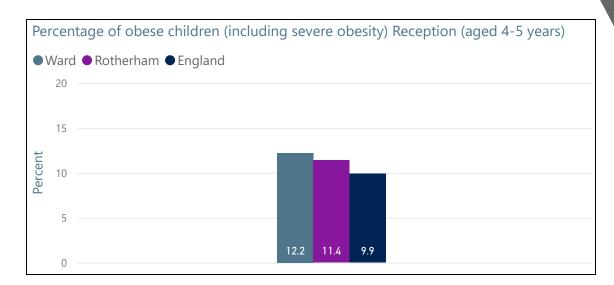
Time period Range

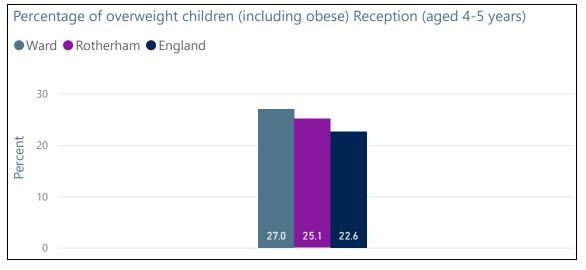
# Key findings

In Keppel ward (for the time period 2019/20-2021/22) the percentage of children in Reception (aged 4-5 years) classified as overweight or obese is 27%. This is worse than the England average. The percentage of children classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 12.2%. This is worse than the England average. In Rotherham overall (for comparison) the percentage of children aged 4-5 years classified as overweight or obese is 25.1% and the percentage classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 11.4%.

### Data source

<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data updated annually.





# Overweight and obesity in children (Year 6)

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of children in Reception class (aged 4-5 years) and year 6 (aged 10-11 years), to assess overweight and obesity levels in children within primary schools.

The data can be used at a local level to inform the planning and delivery of services for children. Children who live in the most deprived areas are more than twice as likely to be living with obesity than those living in the least deprived areas

2019/20-2021/22

3 Years

Time period

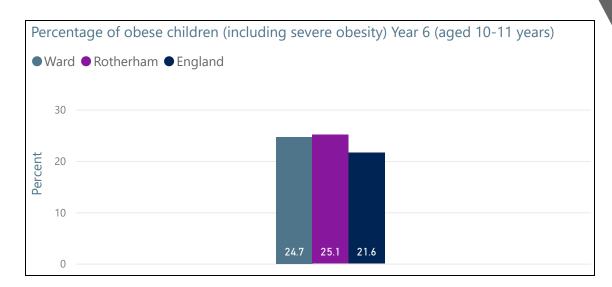
Time period Range

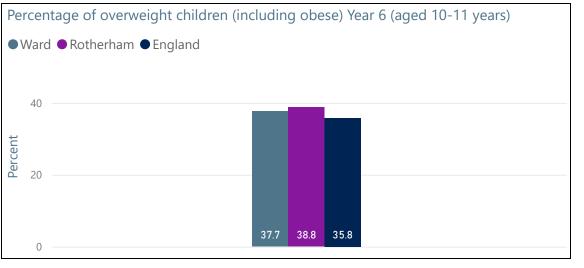
## Key findings

In Keppel ward (for the time period 2019/20-2021/22) the percentage of children in Year 6 (aged 10-11 years) classified as overweight or obese is 37.7%. This is worse than the England average. The percentage of children classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 24.7%. This is worse than the England average. In Rotherham overall (for comparison) the percentage of children aged 10-11 years classified as overweight or obese is 38.8% and the percentage classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 25.1%.

#### Data source

<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data updated annually.





# Highest level of education

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024









# Rotherham highest level of qualification as a percentage of the ward population





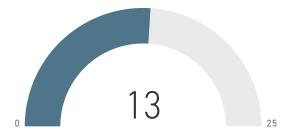
#### Narrative

According to Census 2021, in Keppel ward 21.9% of residents aged 16 or over have no qualifications, and 21.7 % are qualified to level 4 or above. In comparison 23.4% in Rotherham have no qualifications and 23.1% are qualified to level 4 or above.

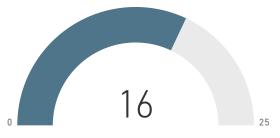
#### Data source

<u>TS067 - Highest level of education - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk)</u>
Data updated every 10 years.

No qualifications - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst



Level 4 qualification or above - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst



# Primary School - Key Stage 2 Attainment

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



In England, Key Stage 2 (KS2) is the term used to refer to the second stage of a child's primary education. It includes the class years 3, 4, 5 and 6. Children are typically aged between 7 and 11 years old in KS2.

At the end of KS2 (Y6) children are assessed in Reading, Writing, Grammar Punctuation and Spelling, Maths and Science with a combination of tests and teacher assessments. To be regarded as 'Secondary Ready' children need to achieve the following:

- Achieve at least the expected standard in the Reading test
- Be deemed to have achieved at least the expected standard in Writing by teacher assessment
- Achieve at least the expected standard in the maths test.

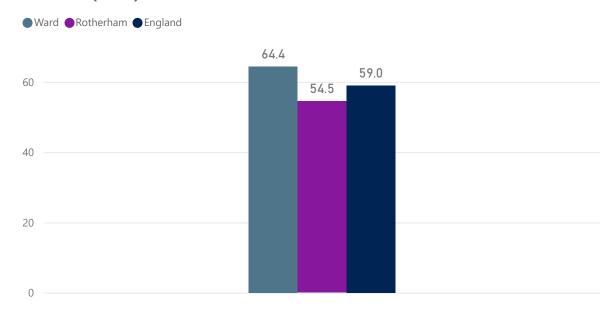
This measure is referred to as reaching at least the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths,

#### Key findings

For Keppel ward in 2023, there was a total of 191 pupils at the end of key stage 2, of which 60.2% were disadvantaged compared to 54.5% for Rotherham overall. The percentage of pupils in the ward achieving the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths was 64.4%, compared to 54.5% in Rotherham and 59% nationally.

Data source RMBC Children & Young People's Services Data updated annually.

# Percentage of children achieving the expected standard in Reading, Writing & Maths (2023)







# Secondary School - Key Stage 4 Attainment

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



During Key Stage 4 (KS4) most pupils work towards national qualifications - usually GCSEs. The compulsory national curriculum subjects ate the 'core' (English, maths and science) and 'foundation' (computing, physical education and citizenship) subjects.

Schools must also offer at least one subject from each of these areas: arts, design & technology, humanities and modern foreign languages.

Attainment 8 is a way of measuring how well pupils do in KS4 across a selection of 8 subjects including English and maths, plus:

- 3 subjects from qualifications that count towards the English Baccalaureate such as sciences, language and history
- 3 further GCSE qualifications or technical awards from a list approved from the Department for Education.

Each grade a pupil gets is assigned a points score from 9 (the highest) to 1 (the lowest). Each pupil's Attainment 8 score is calculated by adding up the points from their 8 subjects, with English and maths counted twice and are rounded to 1 decimal place.

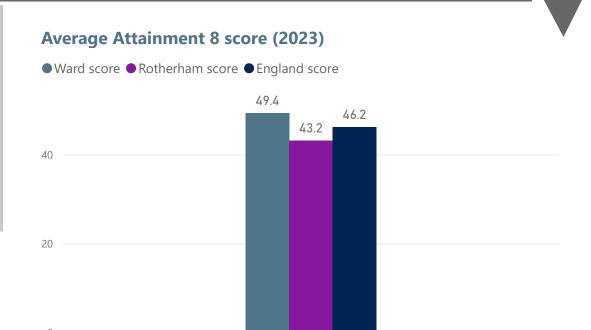
# **Local Secondary School/s**

Winterhill School (Local Authority)

# Key findings

For Keppel ward in 2023, there was a total of 129 pupils at the end of key stage 4, of which 62.8% of pupils were disadvantaged, compared to 53.4%% in Rotherham overall. The average Attainment 8 score for the ward was 49.4, compared to 43.2 in Rotherham and 46.2 nationally.

Data source RMBC Children & Young People's Services Data updated annually.



#### **Ward 2022**

#### 50.45

Ward Average Attainment 8 score 2022

#### 53.90

% of disadvantaged pupils 2022

#### 141

No. of pupils 2022

#### **Ward 2023**

#### 49.37

Ward Average Attainment 8 Score 2023

#### 62.79

% of disadvantaged pupils 2023

#### 129

No. of pupils 2023

# **Index of Deprivation**

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The **Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)** is a Government index measuring deprivation at a local area level for all areas in England. It provides an understanding of relative deprivation across three different dimensions:

- Overall deprivation
- Deprivation affecting children, and;
- Deprivation affecting older people.

The most recent (2019) index uses 37 indicators across 7 deprivation domains (themes) with a 2013/14 baseline. These domains are:

- Income
- Employment
- Education, Skills & Training
- Health & Disability
- Crime
- Barriers to Housing and Services and;
- Living Environment.

IMD ranks small areas from most deprived to least deprived and divides them into 10 equal groups (deciles). Decile 1 represents the most deprived 10% and decile 10 represents the least deprived 10% in England.

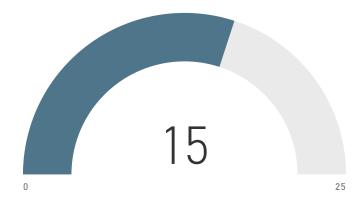
The IMD is not produced at a ward level, for the purposes of these ward profiles scores have been aggregated to calculate ward deprivation rankings.

#### **Narrative**

Keppel ward has a rank of 15 out of 25 wards in Rotherham and is in Decile 4. Of the 25 wards in Rotherham, 5 are in the top 20% most deprived in the country (deciles 1 and 2). The top 3 most deprived wards in Rotherham are Rotherham East, Dalton & Thrybergh and Maltby East.

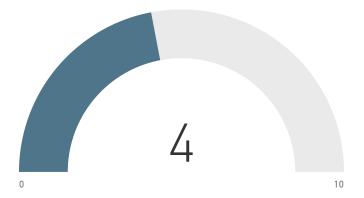
# Ward overall deprivation rank out of 25

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



#### Ward deprivation decile score out of 10

Where 1 is 10% most deprived nationally



Data source

<u>Indices of deprivation 2019, Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government</u>
Data updated every 4 to 5 years.

# Index of Deprivation Decile at LSOA

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



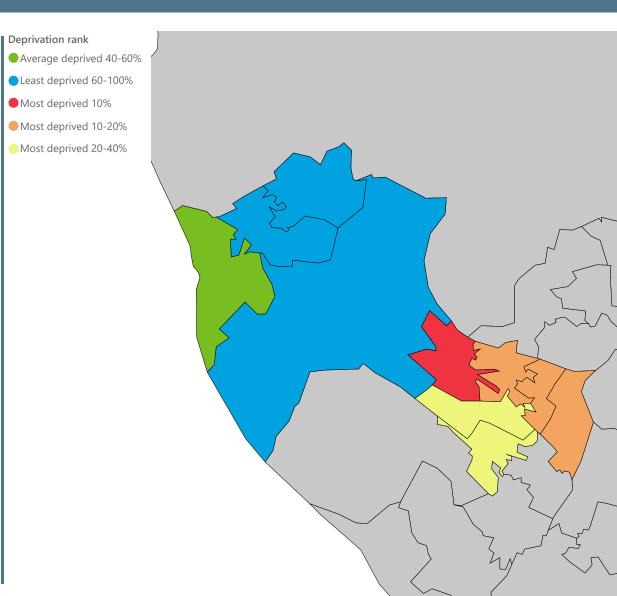
## Average IMD Super Output Area rank and score

The IMD is not published for wards, but the average SOA score in Keppel ward in 2019 was 26 (27 in 2015), below the Rotherham average score of 29 (28 in 2015), with an SOA equivalent rank of 12,950 (39th percentile).

## Deprivation in the ward

Deprivation in Keppel ward is below the borough average and in parts of the ward is also below the national average. There is disparity across the ward with the neighbourhood of Kimberworth Park West within the most deprived 10% in England, in contrast the neighbourhoods of Thorpe Hesley Central and Thorpe Hesley East are within the least 10% deprived in England.

LSOA code (2011)	LSOA Local Name	IMD Score 2019	IMD Score 2015	IMD Rank 2019	IMD Rank 2015	IMD Decile 2019	IMD Decile 2015
E01007740	Kimberworth Park East	38.43	44.40	4754	3323	2	2
E01007805	Kimberworth Park Rou	40.14	42.62	4224	3757	2	2
E01007804	Kimberworth Park West	44.04	41.57	3248	4039	1	2
E01007806	Kimberworth Park Cent	36.04	38.38	5516	5010	2	2
E01007807	Kimberworth Park South	27.98	30.84	9043	7832	3	3
E01007742	Kimberworth North West	24.48	25.36	11080	10666	4	4
E01007803	Thorpe Hesley West	19.10	18.94	15153	15110	5	5
E01007801	Thorpe Common & Sch	13.04	9.45	21015	24886	7	8
E01007802	Thorpe Hesley Central	7.99	7.59	27071	27267	9	9
E01007808	Thorpe Hesley East	6.95	6.18	28394	28956	9	9



# Income deprivation - children & older people

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) combines information from the seven domains to produce an overall relative measure of deprivation. In addition to the overall deprivation measure, there are two supplementary measures:

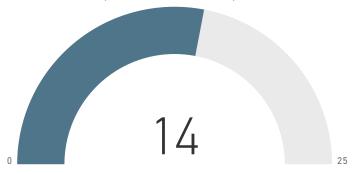
- The Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) which measures the proportion of all children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families
- The Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI) which measures the proportion of all those aged 60 or over who experience income deprivation.

Both of these measures are absolute measures, based on the proportion of income deprived households in that area.

The IMD is not produced at a ward level, for the purposes of these ward profiles scores have been aggregated to calculate ward deprivation rankings.

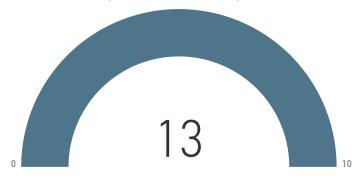
# Ward Income Deprivation Affecting Children (IDACI) Rank

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



# **Ward Income Deprivation Affecting Older People** (IDAOPI) Rank

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



#### Narrative

In Keppel ward, the proportion of all children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families is 19.6% and the proportion of those aged 60 or over who experience income deprivation is 16.2%. The ward with the highest proportion of children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families is Dalton & Thrybergh ward at 39.1%. The ward with the highest proportion of those aged 60 and over who experience income deprivation is Rotherham East ward at 36.9%.

Age group	No. of income deprived in ward	Ward % income deprived	2019 Roth average percent
Children 0-15	520	19.64	21.67
All people	2105	14.84	16.80
Older people 60+	565	16.24	16.30
Working age 16-59	1020	12.66	15.35

#### Data source

<u>Indices of deprivation 2019, Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government</u>

Data updated every 4 to 5 years.

# Community assets map

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



# Keppel Ward

Selected ward

Location Type	Total Assets in Ward
Care Home	2
Children's Centre	2
<b>Dental Practice</b>	2
GP	4
Library	1
Pharmacy	2
School	4
Total	17

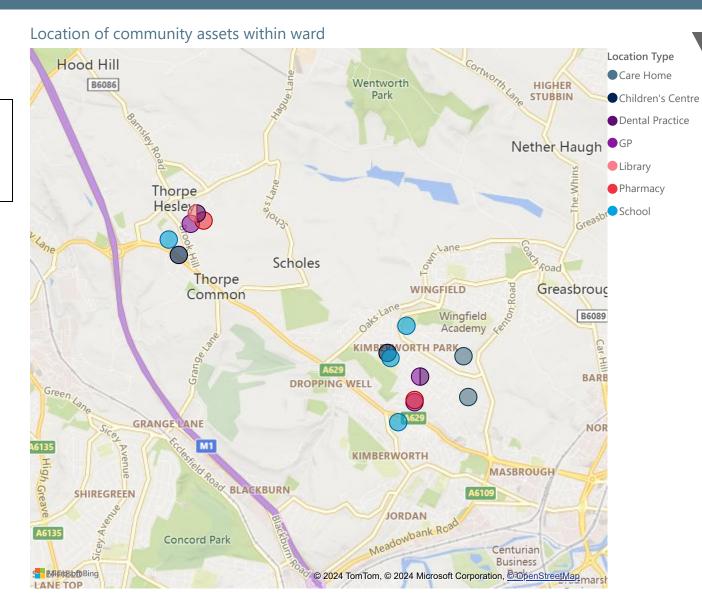
Location type (select a location type to filter on the map)

Care Home
Children's Centre
Dental Practice

☐ GP ☐ Library

Pharmacy

School





## Ward location



Number of people in the ward not within a 10 minute walk of green space

457

Square metres of green space in the ward per person

17.70

Does the ward meet the Green Space Index minimum standard of green space per individual?

No

The availability of open green spaces within a close walking distance is critical since it supports physical activity and encourages us to engage in regular exercise.

The source of the data contained within this section is the Green Space Index 2023, which is commissioned by The Ordinance Survey and undertaken by Fields in Trust on their behalf.

For more information, please visit <a href="https://www.fieldsintrust.org/green-space-index">www.fieldsintrust.org/green-space-index</a>

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



# Levels of crime in the ward

Levels of recorded crime and anti-social behavior in Keppel ward are lower than the Rotherham average.

# **Recorded crime**

In Keppel ward in 2021 there were a total of 1,182 recorded crimes. This equates to 87 recorded crimes per 1,000 population compared to 110 per 1,000 population for Rotherham.

Ward name Total Crimes Total crimes 2021 2022 2023  Keppel Ward 1182 1094 1119		Total	1182	1094	1119
		Keppel Ward	1182	1094	1119
	,	Ward name			

## **ASB** narrative

In Keppel ward in 2021, there were a total of 206 recorded incidents of anti-social behaviour. This equates to 15 recorded incidents per 1,000 population, compared to 19 per 1,000 population for Rotherham.

Total	206	161	178
Keppel Ward	206	161	178
Ward name	Total ASB 2021	Total ASB 2022	Total ASB 2023

Data source: www.police.uk crime statistics

#### Data sources

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



#### Data sources contained within this document include:

Population - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Ethnicity - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Religion - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Housing - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Households - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Unemployment claimants aged 16-64 - ONS Claimant Count via NOMIS

Types of employment - Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS

General Health - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Disability - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Life expectancy at birth - Public Health England Fingertips

Causes of death - Public Health England Fingertips

Overweight and obesity in children - Public Health England Fingertips

Highest level of education - ONS Census data via NOMIS

Key Stage 2 and Key Stage 4 attainment - RMBC Children & Young People's Services

Index of Multiple Deprivation - Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government

Community assets map - OpenStreetMap via TomTom/Microsoft Corporation

Access to green space - Green Space Index 2023 commissioned by The Ordinance Survey and undertaken by The Fields in Trust

Crime data - www.police.uk

