Rotherham ward profiles



Ward location

Dinnington Ward



Ward profiles - introduction

Please select a ward from the options below to view data relating to that ward.

Select a ward

Anston & Woodsetts	Maltby East Ward
Aston & Todwick Ward	Rawmarsh East Ward
Aughton & Swallown	Rawmarsh West Ward
Boston Castle Ward	Rother Vale Ward
Bramley & Ravenfiel	Rotherham East Ward
Brinsworth Ward	Rotherham West Wa
Dalton & Thrybergh	Sitwell Ward
Dinnington Ward	Swinton Rockingha
Greasbrough Ward	Thurcroft & Wickersl
Hellaby & Maltby W	Wales Ward
Hoober Ward	Wath Ward
Keppel Ward	Wickersley North W
Kilnhurst & Swinton	

Ward location



Description

Dinnington lies in the south east of Rotherham Borough, with a population of 12,385 (2021 census). The ward is represented by three members of the Council. The ward is based on the small town of Dinnington and parish of Dinnington St Johns (total parish population 9,091), with the exception of Dinnington Park Avenue parish ward, as well as the villages and parishes of Laughton en le Morthen (population 1,220), Firbeck (population 313), Letwell (population 217) and Gildingwells (population 207). Also included is the village of Laughton Common which is served by South ward of Thurcroft parish (total parish population 7,908). The ward is very varied with extensive rural areas as well as an industrial area, a deprived former mining community and modern suburban housing estates, popular with commuters.

Rotherham Data Hub

Contents



Rotherham context

Rotherham is one of four metropolitan boroughs in South Yorkshire. It is divided into 25 wards covering a wide range of urban, suburban and rural areas. Rotherham's population of 266,200 (Census 2021) mostly live in urban areas, however 70% of Rotherham Borough is open countryside.

The 25 ward profiles contain data from a range of sources to enable a greater understanding of the individual local areas. The documents are available as a downloadable and printer friendly version (pdf.) and also via the online interactive tool located within the 'Community and Neighbourhoods' section of the Rotherham Data Hub - www.rotherham.gov.uk/data

The information is divided up into a number of sections, containing data relating to topic areas such as demographics, education, and health and wellbeing.

Section number	Contents
1: DEMOGRAPHICS	Information on the population make up of the ward, including age breakdown, ethnicity and religion (Census 2021)
2: HOUSING & HOUSEHOLDS	Information on housing tenure, types of dwellings and household composition and size (Census 2021)
3: EMPLOYMENT & CLAIMANT COUNT	Data on unemployment claimants aged 16-64 and types of employment within the ward
4: HEALTH & WELLBEING	General health and disability data (Census 2021). Data on life expectancy, death rates and weight measurements of children
5: EDUCATION	Highest level of education (Census 2021). The KS2 and KS4 education outcomes for children
6: DEPRIVATION	Information on the overall IMD rank and two of its subsets
7: COMMUNITY ASSETS	Map showing the location and number of community assets located in (or near) the ward
8: ENVIRONMENT	Information on accessibility to open and green space in the ward (according to the Green Space Index 2023)
9. CRIME	Data showing recorded crime and anti-social behaviour statistics for the ward

Population (age breakdown)

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



Ward population by age group and gender (Census 2021)

• Female •	Male
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• l'ennaie	Indie				
Age 00-04		342		337	
Age 05-09		382		362	
Age 10-14		372		376	
Age 15-19		295		337	
Age 20-24		358		337	
Age 25-29		398		413	
Age 30-34		438		400	
Age 35-39		359		392	
Age 40-44		317	3	312	
Age 45-49		409		358	
Age 50-54		479		488	
Age 55-59		481		456	
Age 60-64		377		364	
Age 65-69		342	;	319	
Age 70-74		335	3	808	
Age 75-79		250	220		
Age 80-84		198	164		
Age 85+		198	98		

Dinnington Ward	
-----------------	--

12385 Total population 2021 -264 Change from 2011 -2.10 % change from 2011

Population description

The population of Dinnington ward has decreased slightly since 2011, in contrast to the increasing borough population. The age structure of the population is similar to the Rotherham average.

Age	Ward Population	Ward Percentage	Rotherham Percentage
Age 00-15	2298	18.55	18.89
Age 16-24	1206	9.74	9.60
Age 25-44	3032	24.48	25.09
Age 45-64	3416	27.58	26.76
Age 65+	2433	19.64	19.66
Total	12385	100.00	100.00

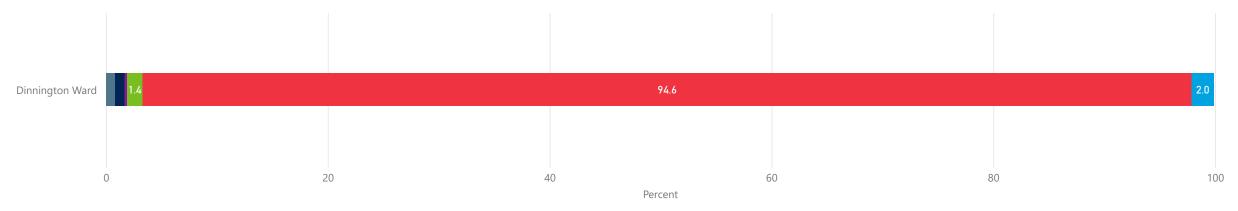
Data source Census 2021, Office for National Statistics. Data is updated every 10 years.





Ethnicity of ward residents (Census 2021)

● Asian/Asian British ● Black/black British ● Other ● Mixed/multiple ● White British ● White Other



Ward ethnicity

Dinnington is among the 80% of wards in Rotherham where the white British population exceeds 90%, and the 60% of wards where the 2020 School and Pupil Census shows the white British school age population exceeding 90%.

Data source

<u>TS021 - Ethnic group - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics</u> (nomisweb.co.uk) Data is updated every 10 years.

Ethnicity	Ward %	Rotherham %	England %
White British	94.60	88.30	74.70
Asian/Asian British	0.80	5.30	9.60
White Other	2.00	2.80	6.30
Mixed/multiple	1.40	1.40	3.00
Black/Black British	0.90	1.10	4.20
Other	0.20	1.10	2.20





Religion of ward residents (Census 2021)

● Christian % ● No religion % ● Not answered % ● Muslim % ● Buddhist % ● Hindu % ● Jewish % ● Other religion %

Dinnington Ward		49.7		44.6		4.6
(0 2	0 4	0	60	80	100
			Percent			

Religion	key	findings

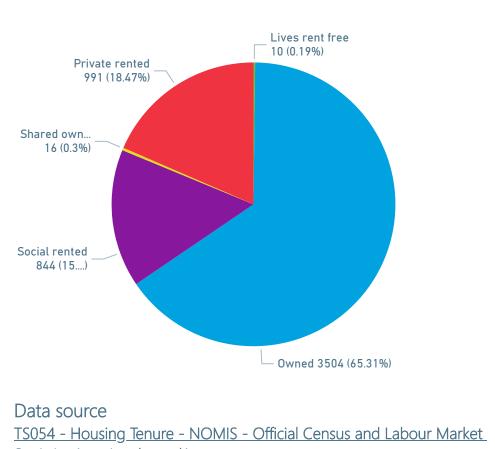
The largest religion within the ward is Christian, which accounts for 49.7% of the ward population. This is followed by no religion which accounts for 44.6% of the ward population.

<	>
Data source	
TS030 - Religion - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics	
(nomisweb.co.uk)	
Data is updated every 10 years.	

Religion	Ward %	Rotherham %	England %
Buddhist	0.30	0.20	0.50
Christian	49.70	49.00	46.30
Hindu	0.10	0.30	1.80
Jewish	0.00	0.00	0.50
Muslim	0.30	5.10	6.70
No religion	44.60	39.80	36.70
Not answered	4.60	5.20	6.00
Other religion	0.30	0.40	0.60
Sikh	0.10	0.20	0.90

Housing

Ward tenure (2021 Census)



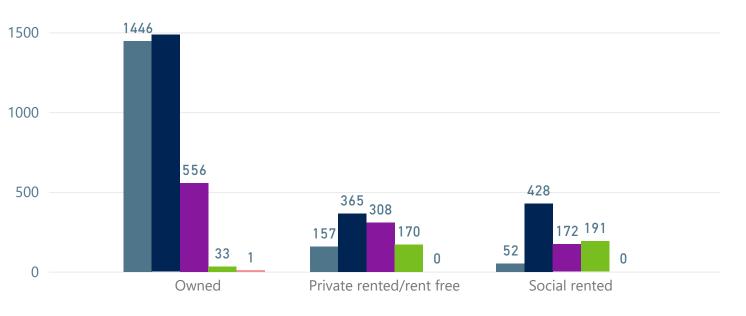
● Lives rent free ● Owned ● Social rented ● Shared ownership ● Private rented

<u>Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk)</u> Data is updated every 10 years.

Dinnington Ward563953315.80Total dwellings (2021 Census)Total dwellings (2011 Census)Change since 2011 (%)

Types of property in the ward by tenure (Census 2021)

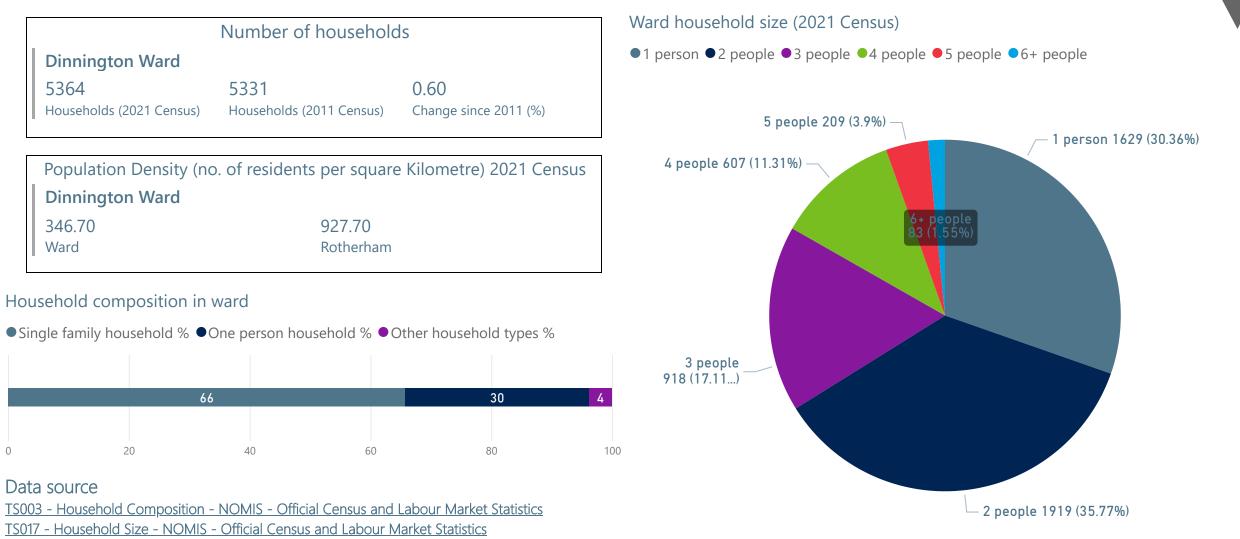
• Detached • Semi-detached • Terraced • Flat • Mobile or temp structure



Rotherham Data Hub

Households





Data is updated every 10 years.

0

Unemployment claimants aged 16 to 64



DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

Unemployment Claimant Count measures the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits, such as jobseeker's allowance or universal credit claimants. Whilst it does not represent all of those that are out of work (as some people who are not working will not be claiming any benefits) it provides a useful indication of unemployment levels and the state of the local labour market.

Claimant count July 2023

6960	245	
Rotherham	Ward	

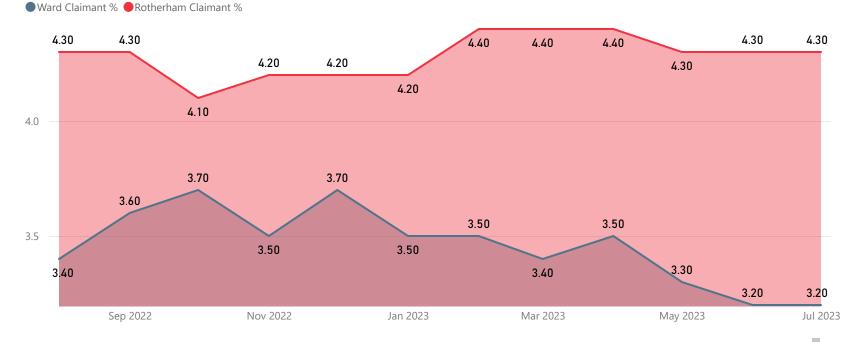
Key findings

In Dinnington ward the total claimant count in July 2023 is 245, which is 3.2% of the working age population. This is lower than the Rotherham average where the claimant count is 4.3% of the working age population.

Ward rank - by percentage of claimants (where 1 is



Claimant percentage of working age population, Ward & Rotherham August 2022-July 2023



Data source Office for National Statistics claimant count - via NOMIS Data updated monthly.



The table (right) shows the number of employment opportunities (employees) located within the ward, according to their broad industrial group, together with the percentage of those employed by broad industrial group in the ward, and the Rotherham average percentage of those employed by broad industrial group. This data is taken from the 2021 Census.

Key findings

Dinnington ward has a high proportion of workplace employment in manufacturing, construction and retail, and a correspondingly low proportion in services. The number of jobs in the ward is equivalent to 74% of the local working age population.

Data source <u>Business Register and Employment Survey - NOMIS</u> Data updated annually

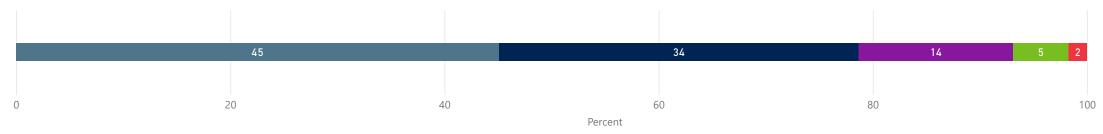
Type of Employment	No. of employees in ward	Ward percentage	Rotherham average percentage
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	0	0.00	0.04
Property	25	0.49	0.54
Financial & insurance	55	1.07	1.78
Motor trades	105	2.04	2.62
Information & communication	135	2.63	1.71
Public administration & defence	135	2.63	5.66
Professional, scientific & technical	170	3.31	3.03
Mining, quarrying & utilities	175	3.41	1.59
Arts, entertainment, recreation & other services	215	4.19	3.09
Transport & storage (inc postal)	250	4.87	5.52
Accommodation & food services	260	5.06	6.63
Business administration & support services	360	7.01	8.57
Wholesale	375	7.30	3.92
Education	380	7.40	8.71
Retail	490	9.54	9.19
Health	510	9.93	15.23
Construction	515	10.03	7.69
Manufacturing	980	19.08	14.50
Total	5135	100.00	100.00

General health



Ward general health as a percentage of the ward population

● Very good health ● Good health ● Fair health ● Bad health ● Very bad health

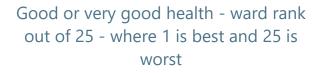


In Census 2021, respondents were asked to assess their general health on a five-point scale from 'very good' to 'very bad'. As Census 2021 took place during the COVID-19 pandemic, people may have been influenced in how they perceived and rated their health.

Key findings

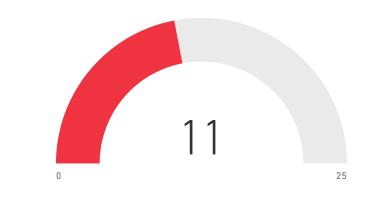
In Dinnington 45.1% are in very good health, and 1.7% are in very bad health. In comparison, in Rotherham 44.3% are in very good health and 1.6% are in very bad health.

Data source <u>TS037 - General health - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour</u> <u>Market Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk)</u> Data is updated every 10 years.



25

Bad or very bad health - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is worst and 25 is best



Disability



Ward population considered disabled/not disabled under the Equality Act 2010 (%)

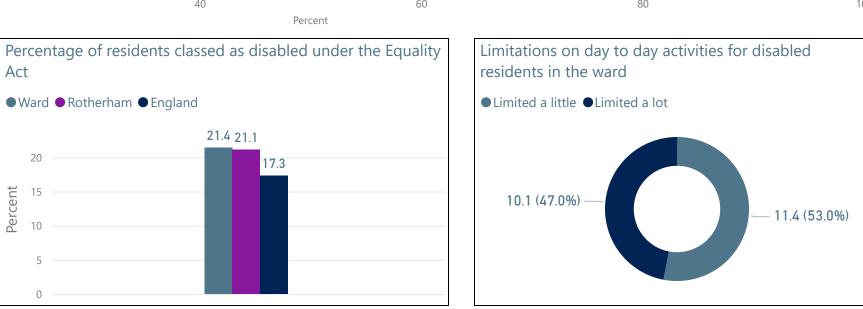
Percent

• Ward disabled under the Equality Act • Ward not disabled under the Equality Act



Key findings

According to Census 2021, in Dinnington ward, 21.4% of the population are considered to be disabled under the Equality Act 2010, compared to 21.1% in Rotherham and 17.3% in England.



Data Source TS038 - Disability - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics Data updated every 10 years.

The definition of disability in Census 2021 was: People who assessed their day to day activities as limited by long-term physical or mental health conditions of illnesses are considered disabled. Thus definition of a disabled person meets the harmonised standard for measuring disability and is in line with the Equality Act (2010).

Life expectancy at birth

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



Life expectancy at birth is the average number of years a person living in a particular area would expect to live based on modern mortality rates in that area. It is a measure of the average length of life and the the best overarching indicator of the health of the population.

Life expectancy in Rotherham is lower than the national average for men and women. Life expectancy can be impacted by a number of factors and in Rotherham lower life expectancy rates are driven by premature deaths due to respiratory diseases, causes considered preventable and circulatory diseases.

Male and female life expectancy, ward, Rotherham and England

78.90	77.80
Ward female	Ward male
81.30	77.60
Rotherham female	Rotherham male
83.20	79.50
England female	England male

2016-205 yearsTime periodTime period range

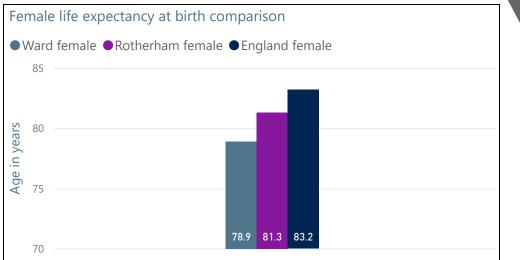
Worse

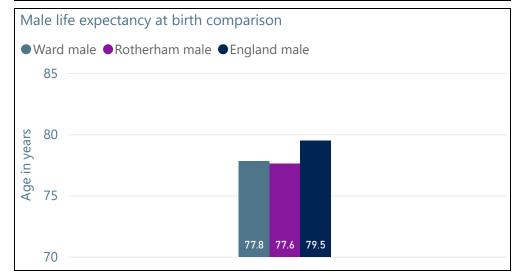
Ward better or worse than England average

Key findings

In the period 2016-2020, Dinnington ward's life expectancy at birth for females is 78.9 years and for males is 77.8 years. This is worse than the England average. In comparison, Rotherham's life expectancy for females is 81.3 years and for males is 77.6 years.

Data source <u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID.</u> Data is updated annually.





Causes of death - stroke

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from stroke (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from stroke for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall stroke burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population. A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20 Time period	5 years Time period range	Ward bett

Similar

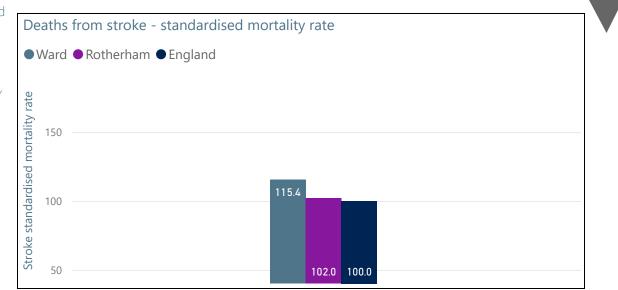
Ward better or worse than England average

Key findings

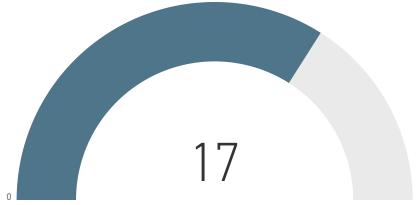
In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from strokes in Dinnington ward is 115.4. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for stroke deaths in a Rotherham ward is 56.7 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 185.8 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source

<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data is updated annually.



Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - respiratory disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from respiratory disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from respiratory disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall respiratory disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

Worse

2016-20 Time period

Time period range

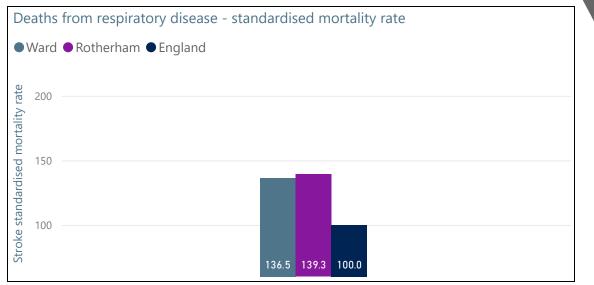
5 years

Ward better or worse than England average

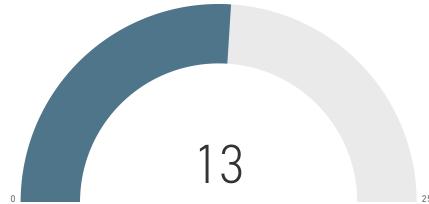
Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from respiratory disease in Dinnington ward is 136.5. This is worse than England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from respiratory disease in a Rotherham ward is 79.9 in Bramley & Ravenfield ward and the highest ratio is 209.1 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID Data updated annually.



Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - coronary heart disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The deaths from coronary heart disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from coronary heart disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall coronary heart disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20 5 years Time period range Time period

Similar

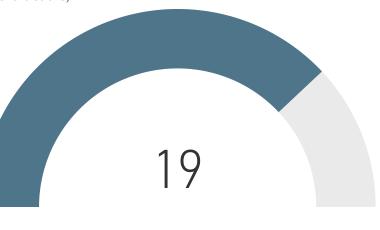
Ward better or worse than England average

Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from coronary heart disease in Dinnington ward is 119. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from coronary heart disease in a Rotherham ward is 76.2 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 152.1 in Rotherham East ward.

Data source Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID Data updated annually









Causes of death - circulatory disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from circulatory disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from circulatory disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall circulatory disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20	5 years
Time period	Time period range

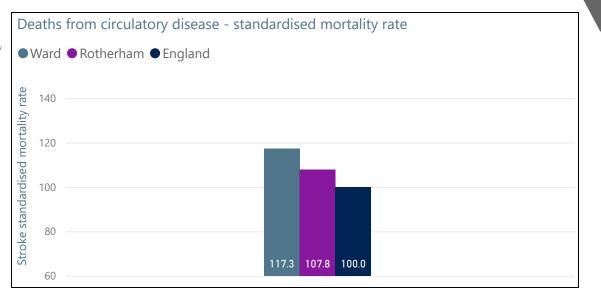
Worse

Ward better or worse than England average

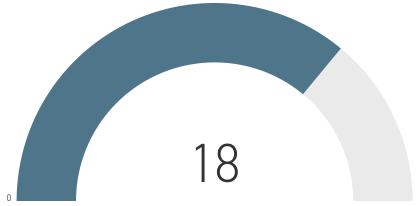
Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from circulatory disease in Dinnington ward is 117.3. This is worse than England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from circulatory disease in a Rotherham ward is 73.5 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 141.9 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source <u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data updated annually

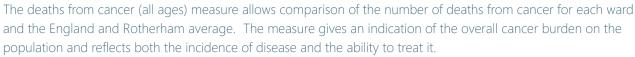


Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - cancer

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population. A SMR of:

Worse

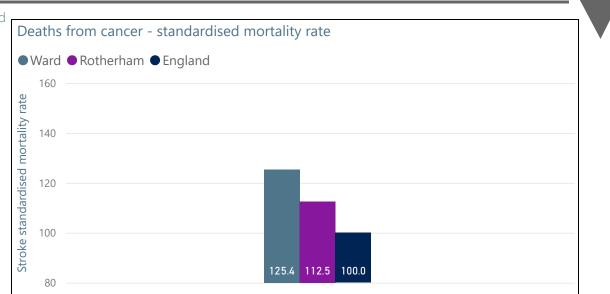
- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20	5 years	Worse
Time period	Time period range	Ward better or worse than England
		average

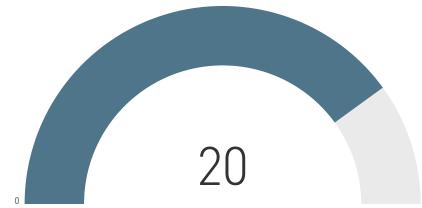
Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from cancer in Dinnington ward is 125.4. This is worse than England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from cancer in a Rotherham ward is 94.2 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 152.1 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID Data updated annually.



Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)





Overweight and obesity in children (Reception)

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of children in Reception class (aged 4-5 years) and year 6 (aged 10-11 years), to assess overweight and obesity levels in children within primary schools.

The data can be used at a local level to inform the planning and delivery of services for children. Children who live in the most deprived areas are more than twice as likely to be living with obesity than those living in the least deprived areas

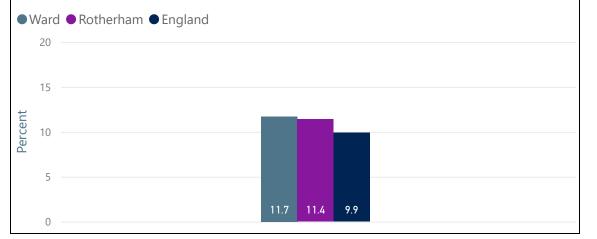
2019/20-2021/22 Time period

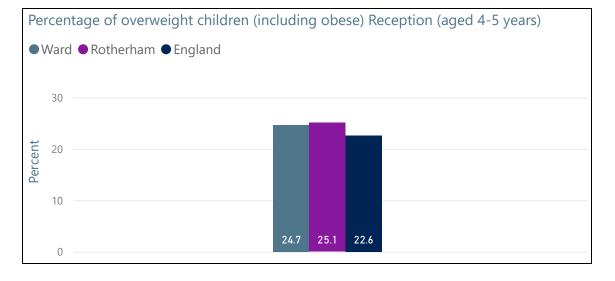
3 Years Time period Range

Key findings

In Dinnington ward (for the time period 2019/20-2021/22) the percentage of children in Reception (aged 4-5 years) classified as overweight or obese is 24.7%. This is worse than the England average. The percentage of children classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 11.7%. This is worse than the England average. In Rotherham overall (for comparison) the percentage of children aged 4-5 years classified as overweight or obese is 25.1% and the percentage classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 11.4%.

Data source <u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data updated annually. Percentage of obese children (including severe obesity) Reception (aged 4-5 years)







Overweight and obesity in children (Year 6) DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of children in Reception class (aged 4-5 years) and year 6 (aged 10-11 years), to assess overweight and obesity levels in children within primary schools.

The data can be used at a local level to inform the planning and delivery of services for children. Children who live in the most deprived areas are more than twice as likely to be living with obesity than those living in the least deprived areas

2019/20-2021/22 3 Years Time period

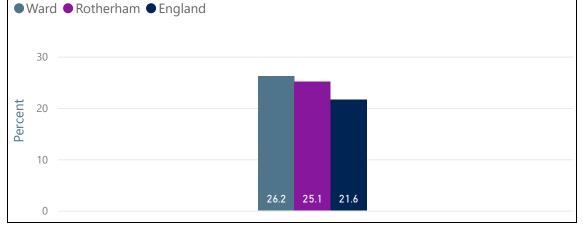
Time period Range

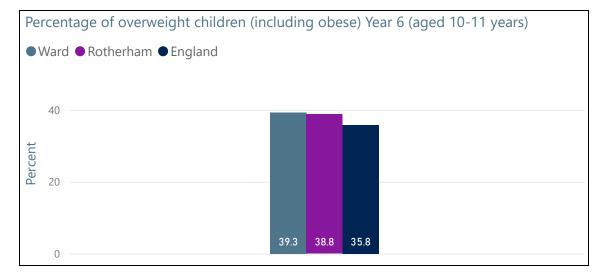
Key findings

In Dinnington ward (for the time period 2019/20-2021/22) the percentage of children in Year 6 (aged 10-11 years) classified as overweight or obese is 39.3%. This is worse than the England average. The percentage of children classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 26.2%. This is worse than the England average. In Rotherham overall (for comparison) the percentage of children aged 10-11 years classified as overweight or obese is 38.8% and the percentage classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 25.1%.

Data source Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID Data updated annually.

Percentage of obese children (including severe obesity) Year 6 (aged 10-11 years)





Highest level of education

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

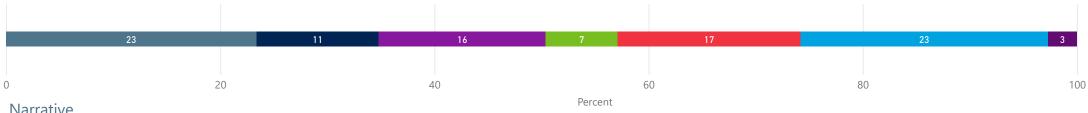
Ward highest level of qualification as a percentage of the ward population

● No qualifications ● Level 1 and entry level ● Level 2 ● Apprenticeship ● Level 3 ● Level 4 or above ● Other

	22	12	16	6	18		23	3
0	20		40		60	8	0	100
				Percent				

Rotherham highest level of qualification as a percentage of the ward population

● No qualifications ● Level 1 and entry level ● Level 2 ● Apprenticeship ● Level 3 ● Level 4 or above ● Other

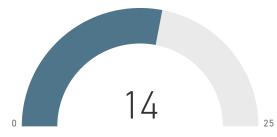


Narrative

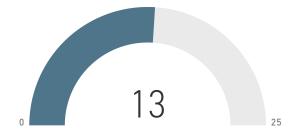
According to Census 2021, in Dinnington ward 22.2% of residents aged 16 or over have no qualifications, and 23.3% are qualified to level 4 or above. In comparison 23.4% in Rotherham have no gualifications and 23.1% are qualified to level 4 or above.

Data source TS067 - Highest level of education - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk) Data updated every 10 years.

No gualifications - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst



Level 4 qualification or above - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst





Primary School - Key Stage 2 Attainment

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

Rotherham Data Hub

In England, Key Stage 2 (KS2) is the term used to refer to the second stage of a child's primary education. It includes the class years 3, 4, 5 and 6. Children are typically aged between 7 and 11 years old in KS2.

At the end of KS2 (Y6) children are assessed in Reading, Writing, Grammar Punctuation and Spelling, Maths and Science with a combination of tests and teacher assessments. To be regarded as 'Secondary Ready' children need to achieve the following:

- Achieve at least the expected standard in the Reading test
- Be deemed to have achieved at least the expected standard in Writing by teacher assessment
- Achieve at least the expected standard in the maths test.

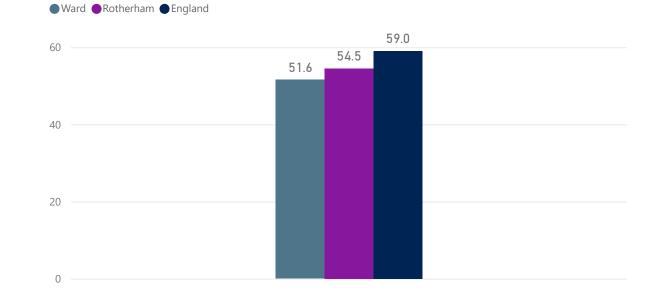
This measure is referred to as reaching at least the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths,

Key findings

For Dinnington ward in 2023, there was a total of 161 pupils at the end of key stage 2, of which 53.4% were disadvantaged compared to 54.5% for Rotherham overall. The percentage of pupils in the ward achieving the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths was 51.6%, compared to 54.5% in Rotherham and 59% nationally.

Data source RMBC Children & Young People's Services Data updated annually.

Percentage of children achieving the expected standard in Reading, Writing & Maths (2023)



Ward 2023

% achieving Expected Standard in RWM

53.42% of disadvantaged pupils 2023

161 No. of pupils 2023

Secondary School - Key Stage 4 Attainment

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During Key Stage 4 (KS4) most pupils work towards national qualifications - usually GCSEs. The compulsory national curriculum subjects ate the 'core' (English, maths and science) and 'foundation' (computing, physical education and citizenship) subjects.

Schools must also offer at least one subject from each of these areas: arts, design & technology, humanities and modern foreign languages.

Attainment 8 is a way of measuring how well pupils do in KS4 across a selection of 8 subjects including English and maths, plus:

- 3 subjects from qualifications that count towards the English Baccalaureate such as sciences, language and history
- 3 further GCSE qualifications or technical awards from a list approved from the Department for Education.

Each grade a pupil gets is assigned a points score from 9 (the highest) to 1 (the lowest). Each pupil's Attainment 8 score is calculated by adding up the points from their 8 subjects, with English and maths counted twice and are rounded to 1 decimal place.

Local Secondary School/s

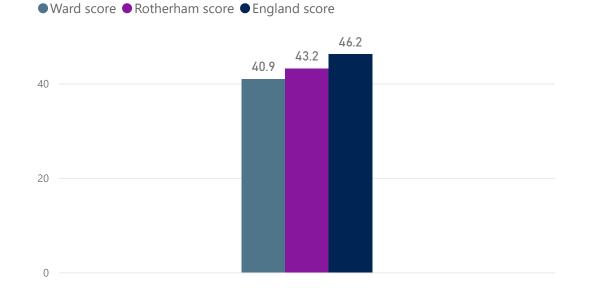
Dinnington High School (Academy)

Key findings

For Dinnington ward in 2023, there was a total of 144 pupils at the end of key stage 4, of which 47.9% of pupils were disadvantaged, compared to 53.4%% in Rotherham overall. The average Attainment 8 score for the ward was 40.9, compared to 43.2 in Rotherham and 46.2 nationally.

Data source RMBC Children & Young People's Services Data updated annually.

Average Attainment 8 score (2023)



Ward 2022 43.82 Ward Average Attainment 8 score 2022

48.18% of disadvantaged pupils 2022

137 No. of pupils 2022

Ward 2023

40.94 Ward Average Attainment 8 Score 2023

47.92 % of disadvantaged pupils 2023

144 No. of pupils 2023



Index of Deprivation



The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) is a Government index measuring deprivation at a local area level for all areas in England. It provides an understanding of relative deprivation across three different dimensions:

- Overall deprivation
- Deprivation affecting children, and;
- Deprivation affecting older people.

The most recent (2019) index uses 37 indicators across 7 deprivation domains (themes) with a 2013/14 baseline. These domains are:

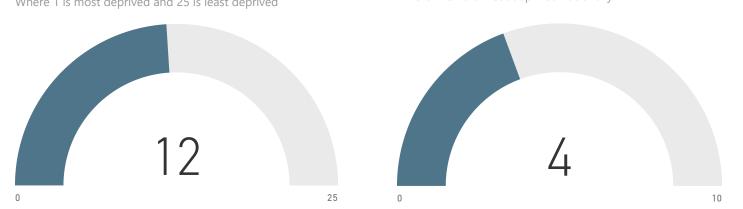
- Income
- Employment
- Education, Skills & Training
- Health & Disability
- Crime
- Barriers to Housing and Services and;
- Living Environment.

IMD ranks small areas from most deprived to least deprived and divides them into 10 equal groups (deciles). Decile 1 represents the most deprived 10% and decile 10 represents the least deprived 10% in England.

The IMD is not produced at a ward level, for the purposes of these ward profiles scores have been aggregated to calculate ward deprivation rankings.

Narrative

Dinnington ward has a rank of 12 out of 25 wards in Rotherham and is in Decile 3. Of the 25 wards in Rotherham, 5 are in the top 20% most deprived in the country (deciles 1 and 2). The top 3 most deprived wards in Rotherham are Rotherham East, Dalton & Thrybergh and Maltby East.



Data source

Indices of deprivation 2019, Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government Data updated every 4 to 5 years.

Ward overall deprivation rank out of 25

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived

Ward deprivation decile score out of 10

Where 1 is 10% most deprived nationally

Index of Deprivation Decile at LSOA

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Average IMD Super Output Area rank and score

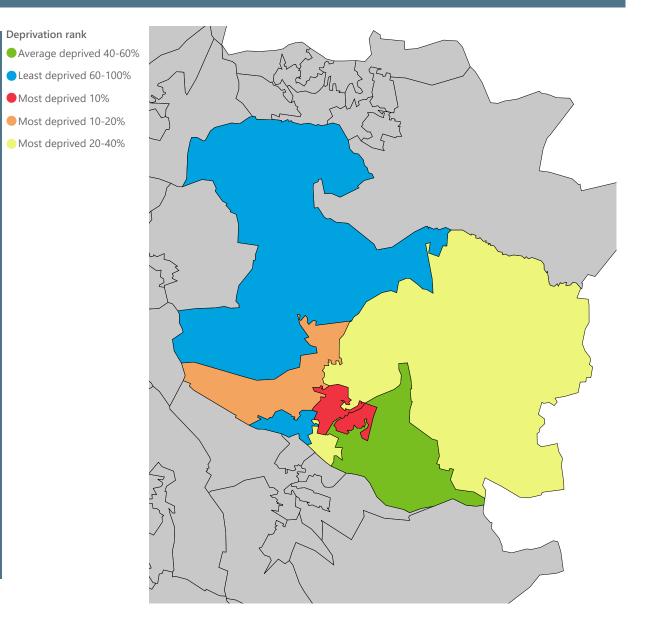
The IMD is not published for wards, but the average SOA score in Dinnington ward in 2019 was 30 (28 in 2015), similar to the Rotherham average score of 29 (28 in 2015), with an SOA equivalent rank of 11,283 (34th percentile).

Deprivation in the ward

Deprivation in Dinnington ward is above the borough average and in most of the ward is also above the national average. There are two neighbourhoods which are within the most deprived 10% of England, Dinnington Central and Dinnington East, however there is disparity across the ward with Dinnington South West being in the least 20% deprived in England.

LSOA code (2011)	LSOA Local Name	IMD Score 2019	IMD Score 2015	IMD Rank 2019	IMD Rank 2015	IMD Decile 2019	IMD Decile 2015
E01007790	Dinnington Central	59.84	57.86	928	1129	1	1
E01007791	Dinnington East	47.32	45.63	2600	3048	1	1
E01007789	Laughton South & Din	38.06	33.62	4850	6667	2	3
E01007788	Dinnington North East	26.99	23.69	9595	11625	3	4
E01007786	Dinnington South	21.71	19.83	12987	14398	4	5
E01007785	Dinnington South East	21.11	18.89	13480	15145	5	5
E01007787	Laughton North	13.54	14.38	20446	19260	7	6
E01007792	Dinnington South West	9.30	6.86	25384	28153	8	9





Income deprivation - children & older people

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The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)

combines information from the seven domains to produce an overall relative measure of deprivation. In addition to the overall deprivation measure, there are two supplementary measures:

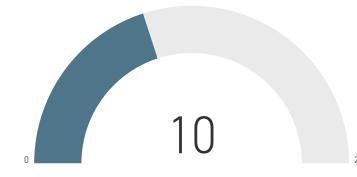
- The Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) which measures the proportion of all children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families
- The **Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI**) which measures the proportion of all those aged 60 or over who experience income deprivation.

Both of these measures are absolute measures, based on the proportion of income deprived households in that area.

The IMD is not produced at a ward level, for the purposes of these ward profiles scores have been aggregated to calculate ward deprivation rankings.

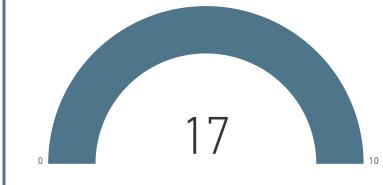
Ward Income Deprivation Affecting Children (IDACI) Rank

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



Ward Income Deprivation Affecting Older People (IDAOPI) Rank

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



Narrative

In Dinnington ward, the proportion of all children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families is 23.4% and the proportion of those aged 60 or over who experience income deprivation is 14.1%. The ward with the highest proportion of children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families is Dalton & Thrybergh ward at 39.1%. The ward with the highest proportion of those aged 60 and over who experience income deprivation is Rotherham East ward at 36.9%.

Age group	No. of income deprived in ward	Ward % income deprived	2019 Roth average percent
Children 0-15	595	23.42	21.67
All people	2120	16.14	16.80
Older people 60+	455	14.11	16.30
Working age 16-59	1070	14.52	15.35

Data source

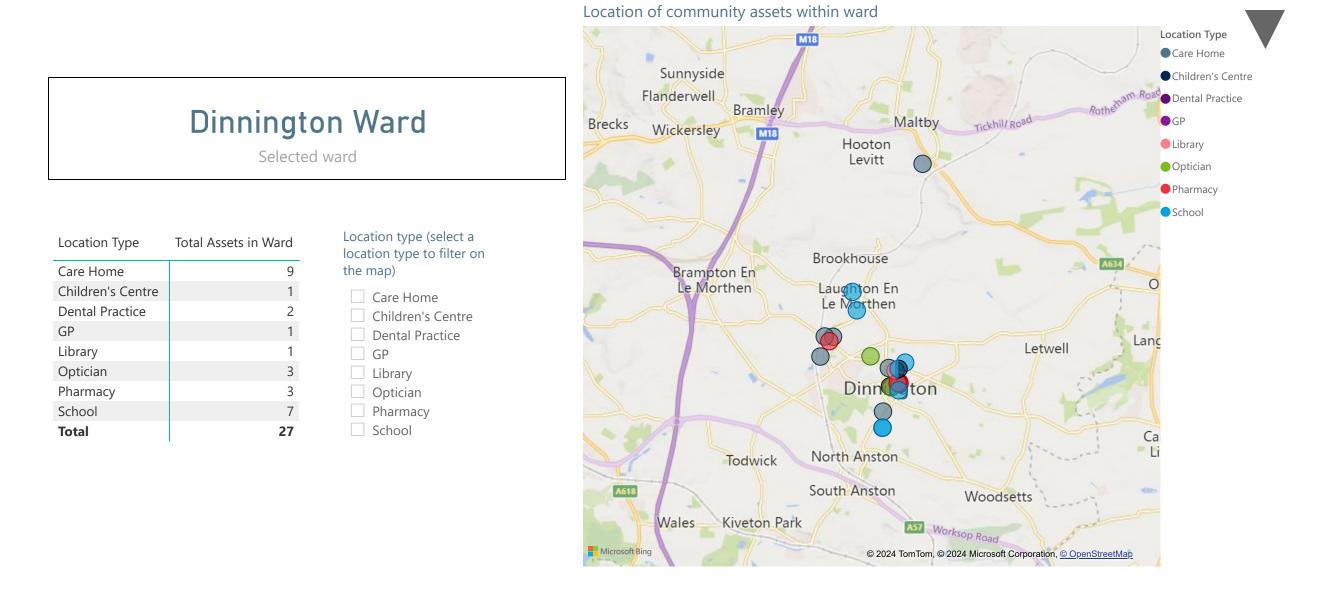
Indices of deprivation 2019, Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government Data updated every 4 to 5 years.



Community assets map

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024





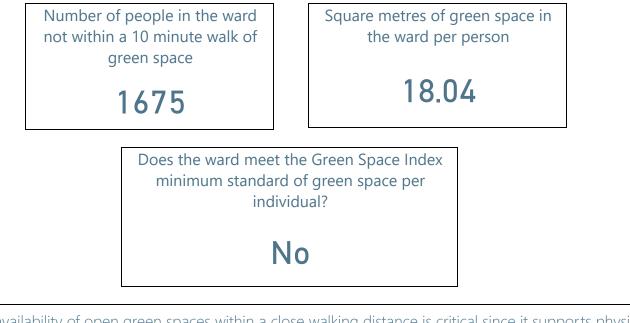
Access to green space

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



Ward location





The availability of open green spaces within a close walking distance is critical since it supports physical activity and encourages us to engage in regular exercise.

The source of the data contained within this section is the Green Space Index 2023, which is commissioned by The Ordinance Survey and undertaken by Fields in Trust on their behalf.

For more information, please visit <u>www.fieldsintrust.org/green-space-index</u>



Levels of crime in the ward

Levels of recorded crime and anti-social behavior in Dinnington ward are higher than the Rotherham average.

Recorded crime

In Dinnington ward in 2021 there were a total of 1,445 recorded crimes. This equates to 117 recorded crimes per 1,000 population compared to 110 per 1,000 population for Rotherham.

Total	1445	1496	1446
Dinnington Ward	1445	1496	1446
	2021	2022	2023
Ward name	Total Crimes	Total crimes	Total crimes

ASB narrative

In Dinnington ward in 2021, there were a total of 284 recorded incidents of anti-social behaviour. This equates to 23 recorded incidents per 1,000 population, compared to 19 per 1,000 population for Rotherham.

Total	284	205	269
Dinnington Ward	284	205	269
Ward name	Total ASB 2021	Total ASB 2022	Total ASB 2023

Data source: www.police.uk crime statistics



Data sources contained within this document include:

Population - ONS Census data via NOMIS Ethnicity - ONS Census data via NOMIS Religion - ONS Census data via NOMIS Housing - ONS Census data via NOMIS Households - ONS Census data via NOMIS Unemployment claimants aged 16-64 - ONS Claimant Count via NOMIS Types of employment - Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS General Health - ONS Census data via NOMIS Disability - ONS Census data via NOMIS Life expectancy at birth - Public Health England Fingertips Causes of death - Public Health England Fingertips Overweight and obesity in children - Public Health England Fingertips Highest level of education - ONS Census data via NOMIS Key Stage 2 and Key Stage 4 attainment - RMBC Children & Young People's Services Index of Multiple Deprivation - Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government Community assets map - OpenStreetMap via TomTom/Microsoft Corporation Access to green space - Green Space Index 2023 commissioned by The Ordinance Survey and undertaken by The Fields in Trust Crime data - <u>www.police.uk</u>