Rotherham ward profiles



Ward location

Dalton & Thrybergh Ward



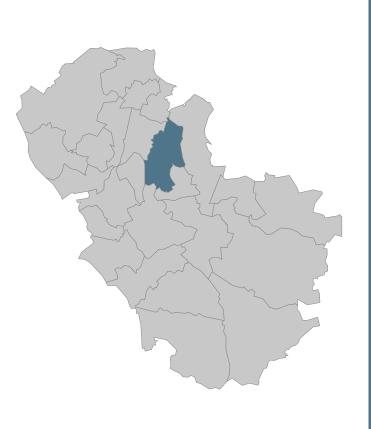
Ward profiles - introduction

Please select a ward from the options below to view data relating to that ward.

Select a ward

Anston & Woodsetts	Maltby East Ward
Aston & Todwick Ward	Rawmarsh East Ward
Aughton & Swallown	Rawmarsh West Ward
Boston Castle Ward	Rother Vale Ward
Bramley & Ravenfiel	Rotherham East Ward
Brinsworth Ward	Rotherham West Wa
Dalton & Thrybergh	Sitwell Ward
Dinnington Ward	Swinton Rockingha
Greasbrough Ward	Thurcroft & Wickersl
Hellaby & Maltby W	Wales Ward
Hoober Ward	Wath Ward
Keppel Ward	Wickersley North W
Kilnhurst & Swinton	

Ward location



Rotherham Data Hub

Description

Dalton and Thrybergh ward lies in the central part of the borough, with a population of 9,256 (2021 census). The ward is represented by two members of the Council. Most of the population live in Dalton, East Herringthorpe and Thybergh. These urban areas have a high proportion of council housing and high levels of deprivation, especially East Herringthorpe. The rest of the ward covers very different areas including the small village of Dalton Magna in the east, surrounded by hilly countryside, and in the north of the ward, part of Thrybergh Country Park. The ward is served by two parish councils, the whole of Thrybergh parish (population 4,076) and the North ward of Dalton parish (total parish population 9,797). East Herringthorpe is not served by a parish council.

Contents



Rotherham context

Rotherham is one of four metropolitan boroughs in South Yorkshire. It is divided into 25 wards covering a wide range of urban, suburban and rural areas. Rotherham's population of 266,200 (Census 2021) mostly live in urban areas, however 70% of Rotherham Borough is open countryside.

The 25 ward profiles contain data from a range of sources to enable a greater understanding of the individual local areas. The documents are available as a downloadable and printer friendly version (pdf.) and also via the online interactive tool located within the 'Community and Neighbourhoods' section of the Rotherham Data Hub - www.rotherham.gov.uk/data

The information is divided up into a number of sections, containing data relating to topic areas such as demographics, education, and health and wellbeing.

Section number	Contents
1: DEMOGRAPHICS	Information on the population make up of the ward, including age breakdown, ethnicity and religion (Census 2021)
2: HOUSING & HOUSEHOLDS	Information on housing tenure, types of dwellings and household composition and size (Census 2021)
3: EMPLOYMENT & CLAIMANT COUNT	Data on unemployment claimants aged 16-64 and types of employment within the ward
4: HEALTH & WELLBEING	General health and disability data (Census 2021). Data on life expectancy, death rates and weight measurements of children
5: EDUCATION	Highest level of education (Census 2021). The KS2 and KS4 education outcomes for children
6: DEPRIVATION	Information on the overall IMD rank and two of its subsets
7: COMMUNITY ASSETS	Map showing the location and number of community assets located in (or near) the ward
8: ENVIRONMENT	Information on accessibility to open and green space in the ward (according to the Green Space Index 2023)
9. CRIME	Data showing recorded crime and anti-social behaviour statistics for the ward

Population (age breakdown)



Ward population by age group and gender (Census 2021)

• Female • Male

	IVIUIC		
Age 00-04	268	310	
Age 05-09	313	304	
Age 10-14	297	311	
Age 15-19	256	279	
Age 20-24	295	266	
Age 25-29	355	318	
Age 30-34	341	283	
Age 35-39	311	269	
Age 40-44	251	271	
Age 45-49	317	264	
Age 50-54	354	348	
Age 55-59	309	323	
Age 60-64	255	274	
Age 65-69	223	216	
Age 70-74	213	213	
Age 75-79	172	132	
Age 80-84	100	87	
Age 85+	114	45	

Dalton & Thrybergh Ward

9256	470	5.30
Total population 2021	Change from 2011	% change from 2011

Population description

The population of Dalton & Thrybergh ward has increased by a slightly higher percentage since 2011 than the borough population. The age structure of the population is slightly younger than the Rotherham average with 57.2% of residents under the age of 45, compared to the borough average of 53.6%. Age Ward Population Ward Percentage Rotherham Percentage

2444 1516	26.40 16.38	26.76 19.66
2444	26.40	26.76
2398	25.91	25.09
988	10.67	9.60
1910	20.64	18.89
	988	988 10.67

Data source Census 2021, Office for National Statistics. Data is updated every 10 years.

Ethnicity



Asian/Asian British Black/black British Other Mixed/multiple White British Dalton & Thrybergh Ward 1.9 1.9 1.7 1.9 1.7 90.9

0	20	40	60	80	
		Perc	cent		

Ward ethnicity

Dalton and Thrybergh is among the 80% of wards in Rotherham where the white British population exceeds 90%. However, the 2020 School and Pupil Census shows ethnic minority students accounting for over 10% of the school age population, with Non-British white at 4.6% being third highest of any Rotherham ward.

Data source

<u>TS021 - Ethnic group - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics</u> (nomisweb.co.uk) Data is updated every 10 years.

Ethnicity	Ward %	Rotherham %	England %
White British	90.90	88.30	74.70
Asian/Asian British	1.90	5.30	9.60
White Other	3.10	2.80	6.30
Mixed/multiple	1.70	1.40	3.00
Black/Black British	1.70	1.10	4.20
Other	0.70	1.10	2.20



100





Religion of ward residents (Census 2021)

● Christian % ● No religion % ● Not answered % ● Muslim % ● Buddhist % ● Hindu % ● Jewish % ● Other religion %

Dalton & Thrybergh Ward		46.0			46.1		5.2 1.8	
0	20	C 40	0	6 Percent	50	30	1	00

Religion	key	findings	
	-	_	

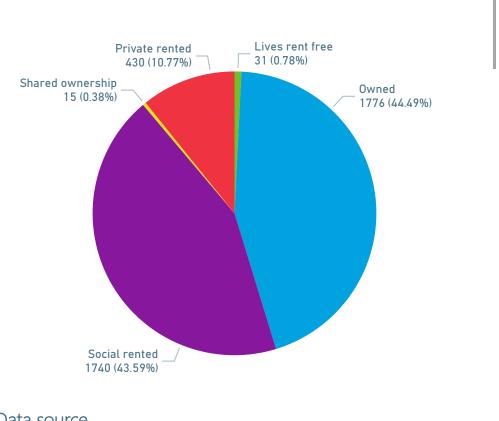
The largest religion within the ward is no religion, which accounts for 46.1% of the ward population. This is followed by Christian which accounts for 46% of the ward population.

<	>
Data source	
<u> TS030 - Religion - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics</u>	
(nomisweb.co.uk)	
Data is updated every 10 years.	

Religion	Ward %	Rotherham %	England %
Buddhist	0.10	0.20	0.50
Christian	46.00	49.00	46.30
Hindu	0.10	0.30	1.80
Jewish	0.00	0.00	0.50
Muslim	1.80	5.10	6.70
No religion	46.10	39.80	36.70
Not answered	5.20	5.20	6.00
Other religion	0.60	0.40	0.60
Sikh	0.10	0.20	0.90

Housing

Ward tenure (2021 Census)



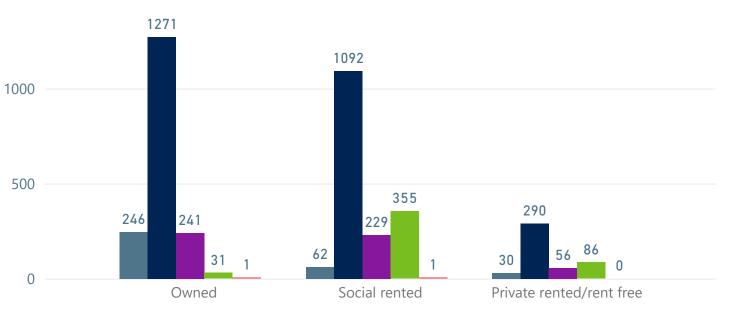
● Lives rent free ● Owned ● Social rented ● Shared ownership ● Private rented

Data source <u>TS054 - Housing Tenure - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market</u> <u>Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk)</u> Data is updated every 10 years.

Dalton & Thrybergh Ward4190374212.00Total dwellings (2021 Census)Total dwellings (2011 Census)Change since 2011 (%)

Types of property in the ward by tenure (Census 2021)

• Detached • Semi-detached • Terraced • Flat • Mobile or temp structure

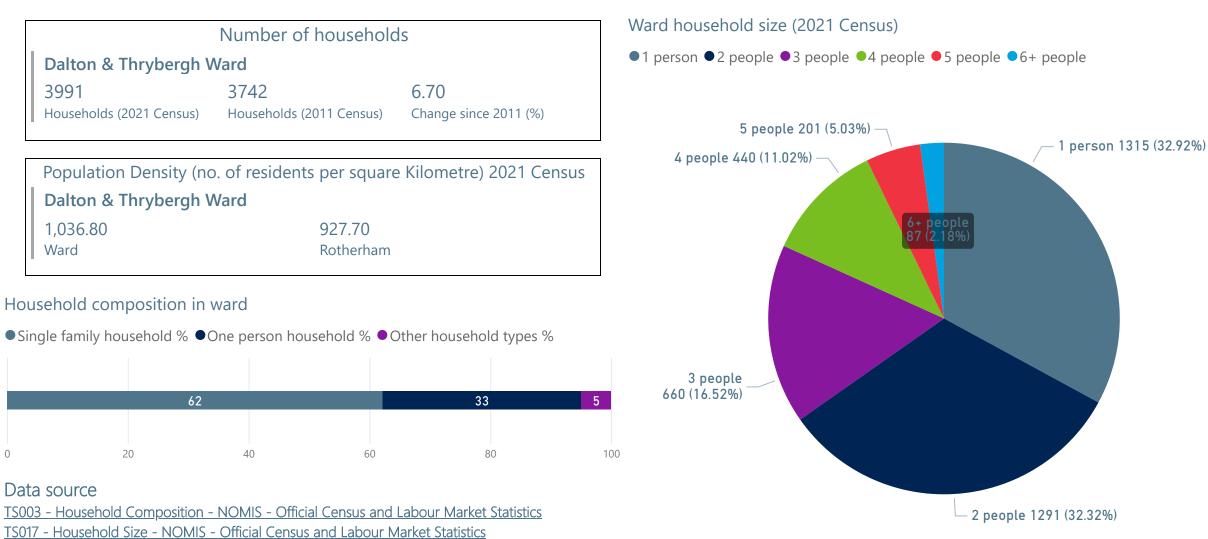


Dwellings



Households





Data is updated every 10 years.

0

Unemployment claimants aged 16 to 64



DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

Unemployment Claimant Count measures the number of people claiming unemployment-related benefits, such as jobseeker's allowance or universal credit claimants. Whilst it does not represent all of those that are out of work (as some people who are not working will not be claiming any benefits) it provides a useful indication of unemployment levels and the state of the local labour market.

Claimant count July 2023

6960	370
Rotherham	Ward

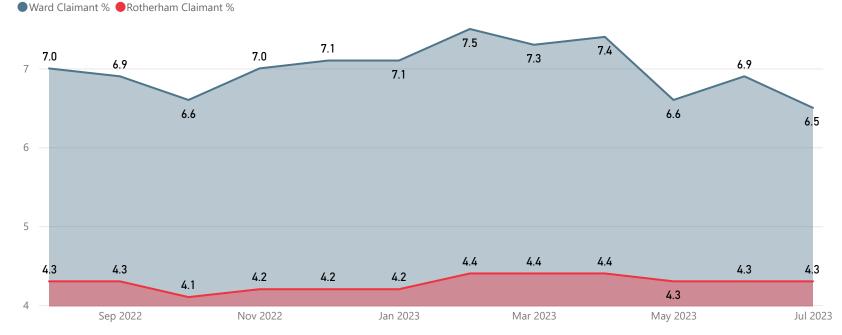
Key findings

In Dalton & Thrybergh ward the total claimant count in July 2023 is 370, which is 6.5% of the working age population. This is higher than the Rotherham average where the claimant count is 4.3% of the working age population.





Claimant percentage of working age population, Ward & Rotherham August 2022-July 2023



Data source Office for National Statistics claimant count - via NOMIS Data updated monthly.



The table (right) shows the number of employment opportunities (employees) located within the ward, according to their broad industrial group, together with the percentage of those employed by broad industrial group in the ward, and the Rotherham average percentage of those employed by broad industrial group. This data is taken from the 2021 Census.

Key findings

Dalton & Thrybergh ward has a high proportion of local jobs in retail, health and education, but has few local jobs in manufacturing and none in wholesaling. Employment opportunities for working aged residents stand at 35%, meaning a large majority of residents will need to seek opportunities in other areas of the borough.

Data source <u>Business Register and Employment Survey - NOMIS</u> Data updated annually

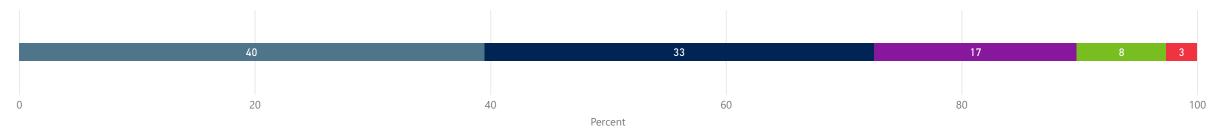
Type of Employment	No. of employees in ward	Ward percentage	Rotherham average percentage
Agriculture, forestry & fishing	0	0.00	0.04
Public administration & defence	0	0.00	5.66
Wholesale	0	0.00	3.92
Information & communication	5	0.27	1.71
Motor trades	5	0.27	2.62
Property	5	0.27	0.54
Financial & insurance	10	0.55	1.78
Manufacturing	10	0.55	14.50
Professional, scientific & technical	25	1.37	3.03
Business administration & support services	40	2.19	8.57
Mining, quarrying & utilities	50	2.74	1.59
Transport & storage (inc postal)	50	2.74	5.52
Construction	90	4.93	7.69
Arts, entertainment, recreation & other service	s 105	5.75	3.09
Accommodation & food services	260	14.25	6.63
Education	270	14.79	8.71
Health	430	23.56	15.23
Retail	470	25.75	9.19
Total	1825	100.00	100.00

General health



Ward general health as a percentage of the ward population

● Very good health ● Good health ● Fair health ● Bad health ● Very bad health



In Census 2021, respondents were asked to assess their general health on a five-point scale from 'very good' to 'very bad'. As Census 2021 took place during the COVID-19 pandemic, people may have been influenced in how they perceived and rated their health.

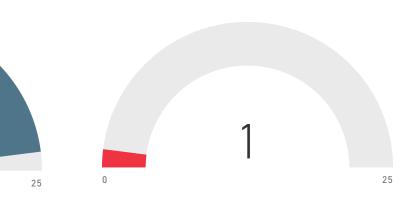
Key findings

In Dalton & Thrybergh 39.5% are in very good health, and 2.6% are in very bad health. In comparison, in Rotherham 44.2% are in very good health and 1.6% are in very ba health.

Data source <u>TS037 - General health - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour</u> <u>Market Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk)</u> Data is updated every 10 years.



Bad or very bad health - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is worst and 25 is best

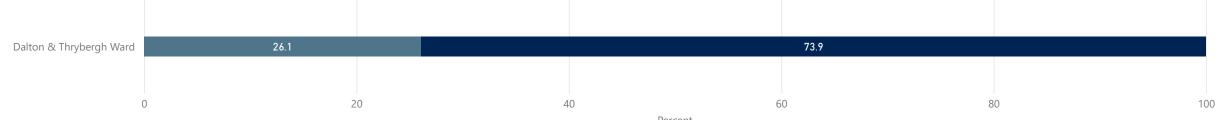




Ward population considered disabled/not disabled under the Equality Act 2010 (%)

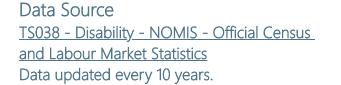
Percent

• Ward disabled under the Equality Act • Ward not disabled under the Equality Act



Key findings

According to Census 2021, in Dalton & Thrybergh ward, 26.1% of the population are considered to be disabled under the Equality Act 2010, compared to 21.1% in Rotherham and 17.3% in England.





The definition of disability in Census 2021 was: People who assessed their day to day activities as limited by long-term physical or mental health conditions of illnesses are considered disabled. Thus definition of a disabled person meets the harmonised standard for measuring disability and is in line with the Equality Act (2010).

Life expectancy at birth

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



Life expectancy at birth is the average number of years a person living in a particular area would expect to live based on modern mortality rates in that area. It is a measure of the average length of life and the the best overarching indicator of the health of the population.

Life expectancy in Rotherham is lower than the national average for men and women. Life expectancy can be impacted by a number of factors and in Rotherham lower life expectancy rates are driven by premature deaths due to respiratory diseases, causes considered preventable and circulatory diseases.

Male and female life expectancy, ward, Rotherham and England

79.60	73.90
Ward female	Ward male
81.30	77.60
Rotherham female	Rotherham male
83.20	79.50
England female	England male

2016-205 yearsTime periodTime period range

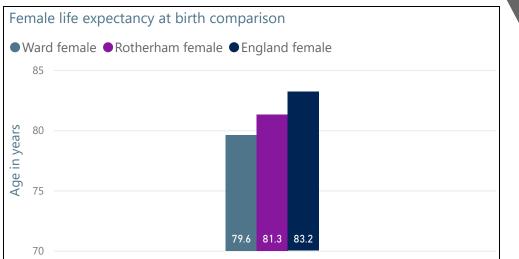
Worse

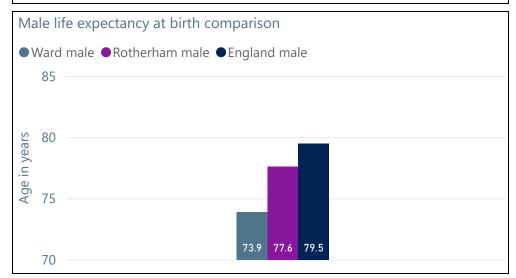
Ward better or worse than England average

Key findings

In the period 2016-2020, Dalton & Thrybergh ward's life expectancy at birth for females is 79.6 years and for males is 73.9 years. This is worse than the England average. In comparison, Rotherham's life expectancy for females is 81.3 years and for males is 77.6 years.

Data source <u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID.</u> Data is updated annually.





Causes of death - stroke

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from stroke (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from stroke for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall stroke burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population. A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20 Time period	5 years Time period range	Ward bett

Similar

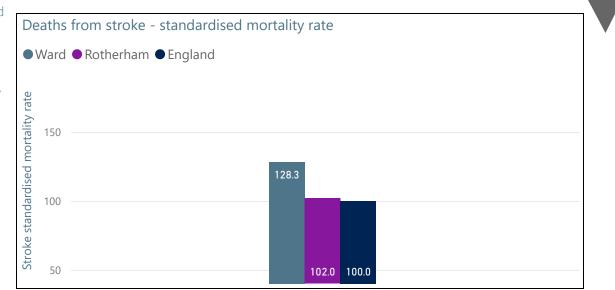
Ward better or worse than England average

Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from strokes in Dalton & Thrybergh ward is 128.3. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for stroke deaths in a Rotherham ward is 56.7 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 185.8 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source

<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data is updated annually.



Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - respiratory disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from respiratory disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from respiratory disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall respiratory disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

Worse

2016-20 Time period

5 years Time period range

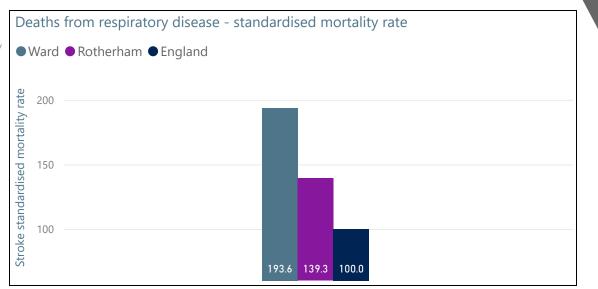
eriod range Ward bette

Ward better or worse than England average

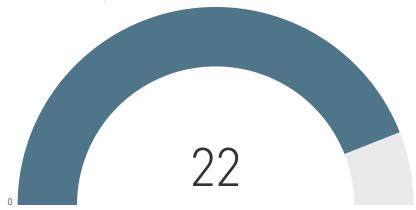
Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from respiratory disease in Dalton & Thrybergh ward is 193.6. This is worse than England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from respiratory disease in a Rotherham ward is 79.9 in Bramley & Ravenfield ward and the highest ratio is 209.1 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source <u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data updated annually.



Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - coronary heart disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The deaths from coronary heart disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from coronary heart disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall coronary heart disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20 5 years Time period range Time period

Similar

Ward better or worse than England average

Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from coronary heart disease in Dalton & Thrybergh ward is 115.9. This is similar to England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from coronary heart disease in a Rotherham ward is 76.2 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 152.1 in Rotherham East ward.

Data source Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID Data updated annually

Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)







Causes of death - circulatory disease

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



The deaths from circulatory disease (all ages) measure allows comparison of the number of deaths from circulatory disease for each ward and the England and Rotherham average. The measure gives an indication of the overall circulatory disease burden on the population and reflects both the incidence of disease and the ability to treat it.

These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population.

A SMR of:

- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

2016-20	5 years
Time period	Time period range

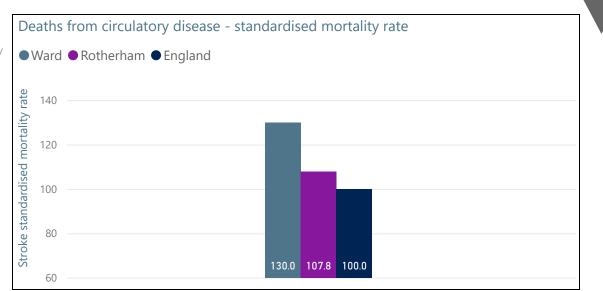
Worse

Ward better or worse than England average

Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from circulatory disease in Dalton & Thrybergh ward is 130. This is worse than England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from circulatory disease in a Rotherham ward is 73.5 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 141.9 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source <u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data updated annually

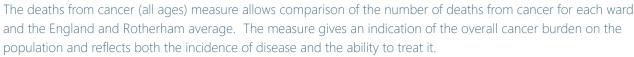


Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)



Causes of death - cancer

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



These statistics use a standardised mortality ratio (SMR) which describes whether a specific population are more, less or equally as likely to die than a standard population. A SMR of:

Worse

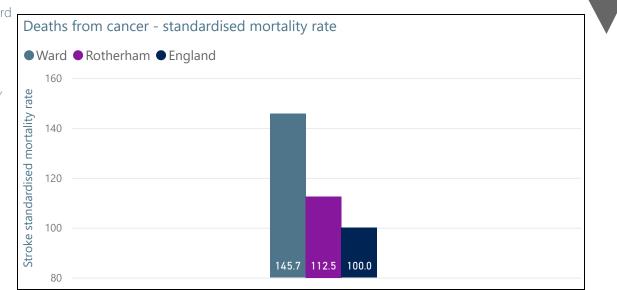
- Less than 100 indicates fewer than expected deaths
- Equal to 100 indicates observed deaths is the same as is expected
- More than 100 indicates excess deaths

Г	-		worse
	2016-20	5 years	110130
	Time period	Time period range	Ward better or worse than England
	- ·		average

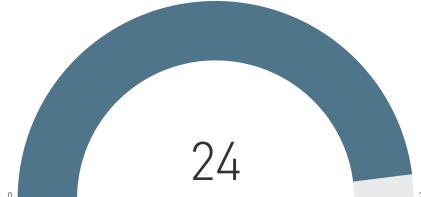
Key findings

In the 2016-20 time period, the mortality ratio for deaths from cancer in Dalton & Thrybergh ward is 145.7. This is worse than England. In comparison, the lowest mortality ratio for deaths from cancer in a Rotherham ward is 94.2 in Aston & Todwick ward and the highest ratio is 152.1 in Rother Vale ward.

Data source Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID Data updated annually.



Ward rank (where 1 is best and has fewer deaths and 25 is worst and has more deaths)





Overweight and obesity in children (Reception)

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of children in Reception class (aged 4-5 years) and year 6 (aged 10-11 years), to assess overweight and obesity levels in children within primary schools.

The data can be used at a local level to inform the planning and delivery of services for children. Children who live in the most deprived areas are more than twice as likely to be living with obesity than those living in the least deprived areas

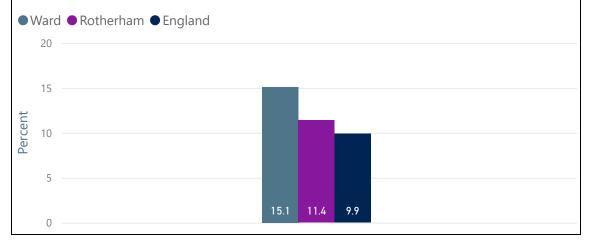
2019/20-2021/22 Time period

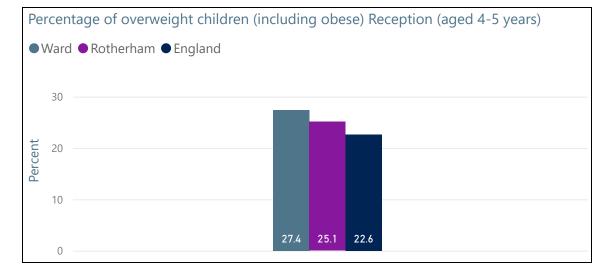
3 Years Time period Range

Key findings

In Dalton & Thrybergh ward (for the time period 2019/20-2021/22) the percentage of children in Reception (aged 4-5 years) classified as overweight or obese is 27.4%. This is worse than the England average. The percentage of children classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 15.1%. This is worse than the England average. In Rotherham overall (for comparison) the percentage of children aged 4-5 years classified as overweight or obese is 25.1% and the percentage classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 11.4%.

Data source <u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data updated annually. Percentage of obese children (including severe obesity) Reception (aged 4-5 years)







Overweight and obesity in children (Year 6)



The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of children in Reception class (aged 4-5 years) and year 6 (aged 10-11 years), to assess overweight and obesity levels in children within primary schools.

The data can be used at a local level to inform the planning and delivery of services for children. Children who live in the most deprived areas are more than twice as likely to be living with obesity than those living in the least deprived areas

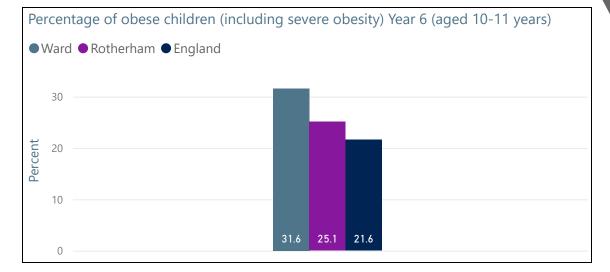
2019/20-2021/223 YearsTime periodTime period Range

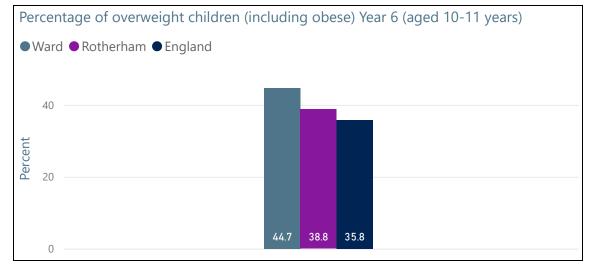
Key findings

In Dalton & Thrybergh ward (for the time period 2019/20-2021/22) the percentage of children in Year 6 (aged 10-11 years) classified as overweight or obese is 44.7%. This is worse than the England average. The percentage of children classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 31.6%. This is worse than the England average. In Rotherham overall (for comparison) the percentage of children aged 10-11 years classified as overweight or obese is 38.8% and the percentage classified as obese (including severe obesity) is 25.1%.

Data source

<u>Fingertips - Local Health - Small Area Public Health Data - OHID</u> Data updated annually.





Highest level of education

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

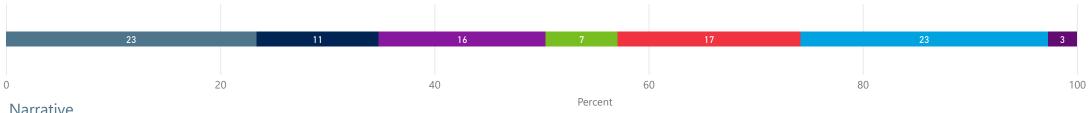
Ward highest level of qualification as a percentage of the ward population

● No qualifications ● Level 1 and entry level ● Level 2 ● Apprenticeship ● Level 3 ● Level 4 or above ● Other

	33	13	17	6 14	15 3	
(20	40	60	8	0 100	
			Percent			

Rotherham highest level of qualification as a percentage of the ward population

● No qualifications ● Level 1 and entry level ● Level 2 ● Apprenticeship ● Level 3 ● Level 4 or above ● Other



Narrative

According to Census 2021, in Dalton & Thrybergh ward 32.5% of residents aged 16 or over have no qualifications, and 15.3% are qualified to level 4 or above. In comparison 23.4% in Rotherham have no gualifications and 23.1% are gualified to level 4 or above.

Data source TS067 - Highest level of education - NOMIS - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics (nomisweb.co.uk) Data updated every 10 years.

No gualifications - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst



Level 4 qualification or above - ward rank out of 25 - where 1 is best and 25 is worst





Primary School - Key Stage 2 Attainment

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



In England, Key Stage 2 (KS2) is the term used to refer to the second stage of a child's primary education. It includes the class years 3, 4, 5 and 6. Children are typically aged between 7 and 11 years old in KS2.

At the end of KS2 (Y6) children are assessed in Reading, Writing, Grammar Punctuation and Spelling, Maths and Science with a combination of tests and teacher assessments. To be regarded as 'Secondary Ready' children need to achieve the following:

- Achieve at least the expected standard in the Reading test
- Be deemed to have achieved at least the expected standard in Writing by teacher assessment
- Achieve at least the expected standard in the maths test.

This measure is referred to as reaching at least the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths,

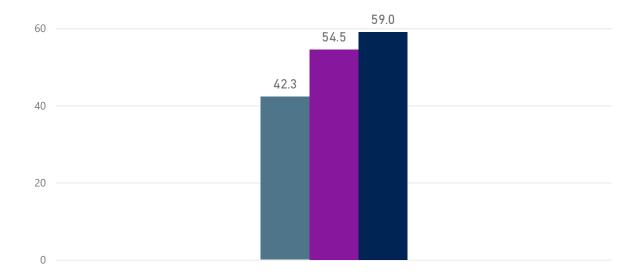
Key findings

For Dalton & Thrybergh ward in 2023, there was a total of 142 pupils at the end of key stage 2, of which 100% were disadvantaged compared to 54.5% for Rotherham overall. The percentage of pupils in the ward achieving the expected standard in Reading, Writing and Maths was 42.3%, compared to 54.5% in Rotherham and 59% nationally.

Data source RMBC Children & Young People's Services Data updated annually.

Percentage of children achieving the expected standard in Reading, Writing & Maths (2023)

●Ward ●Rotherham ●England



١	Ward 2022
	35.20 % achieving Expected Standard in RWM
	100.00 % of disadvantaged pupils 2022
	125 No. of pupils 2022

Ward 2023

42.25 % achieving Expected Standard in RWM

100.00 % of disadvantaged pupils 2023

142 No. of pupils 2023

Secondary School - Key Stage 4 Attainment

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

During Key Stage 4 (KS4) most pupils work towards national qualifications - usually GCSEs. The compulsory national curriculum subjects ate the 'core' (English, maths and science) and 'foundation' (computing, physical education and citizenship) subjects.

Schools must also offer at least one subject from each of these areas: arts, design & technology, humanities and modern foreign languages.

Attainment 8 is a way of measuring how well pupils do in KS4 across a selection of 8 subjects including English and maths, plus:

- 3 subjects from qualifications that count towards the English Baccalaureate such as sciences, language and history
- 3 further GCSE qualifications or technical awards from a list approved from the Department for Education.

Each grade a pupil gets is assigned a points score from 9 (the highest) to 1 (the lowest). Each pupil's Attainment 8 score is calculated by adding up the points from their 8 subjects, with English and maths counted twice and are rounded to 1 decimal place.

Local Secondary School/s

Thrybergh Academy and Clifton Community School (Local Authority)

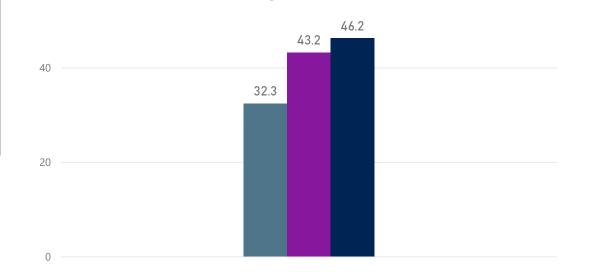
Key findings

For Dalton & Thrybergh ward in 2023, there was a total of 98 pupils at the end of key stage 4, of which 100% of pupils were disadvantaged, compared to 53.4%% in Rotherham overall. The average Attainment 8 score for the ward was 32.3, compared to 43.2 in Rotherham and 46.2 nationally.

Data source RMBC Children & Young People's Services Data updated annually.

Average Attainment 8 score (2023)

• Ward score • Rotherham score • England score



Ward 2022 39.10 Ward Average Attainment 8 score 2022

100.00

% of disadvantaged pupils 2022

102 No. of pupils 2022

Ward 2023

32.33 Ward Average Attainment 8 Score 2023

100.00 % of disadvantaged pupils 2023

98 No. of pupils 2023



Index of Deprivation



The **Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)** is a Government index measuring deprivation at a local area level for all areas in England. It provides an understanding of relative deprivation across three different dimensions:

- Overall deprivation
- Deprivation affecting children, and;
- Deprivation affecting older people.

The most recent (2019) index uses 37 indicators across 7 deprivation domains (themes) with a 2013/14 baseline. These domains are:

- Income
- Employment
- Education, Skills & Training
- Health & Disability
- Crime
- Barriers to Housing and Services and;
- Living Environment.

IMD ranks small areas from most deprived to least deprived and divides them into 10 equal groups (deciles). Decile 1 represents the most deprived 10% and decile 10 represents the least deprived 10% in England.

The IMD is not produced at a ward level, for the purposes of these ward profiles scores have been aggregated to calculate ward deprivation rankings.

Narrative

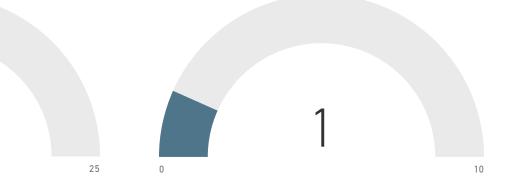
Dalton & Thrybergh ward has a rank of 2 out of 25 wards in Rotherham and is in Decile 1. Of the 25 wards in Rotherham, 5 are in the top 20% most deprived in the country (deciles 1 and 2). The top 3 most deprived wards in Rotherham are Rotherham East, Dalton & Thrybergh and Maltby East.

Ward overall deprivation rank out of 25

Ward deprivation decile score out of 10

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived

Where 1 is 10% most deprived nationally



Data source

0

Indices of deprivation 2019, Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government Data updated every 4 to 5 years.

Index of Deprivation Decile at LSOA

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

Average IMD Super Output Area rank and score

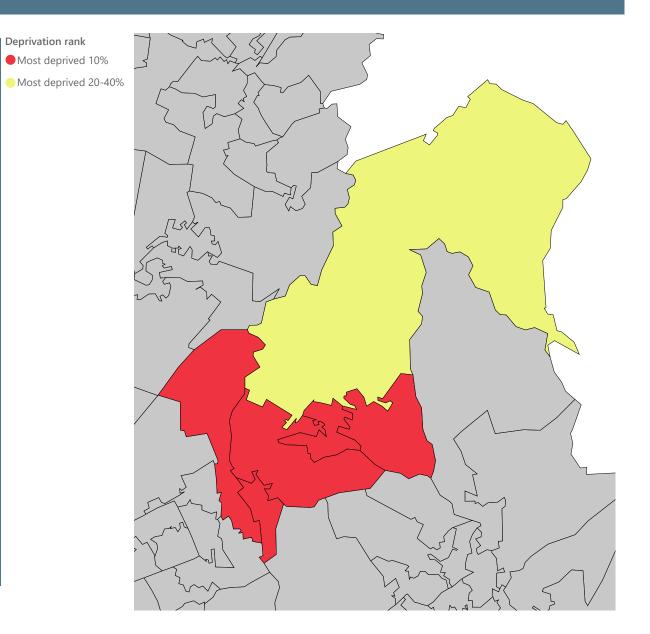
The IMD is not published for wards, but the average SOA score in Dalton & Thrybergh ward in 2019 was 54 (52 in 2015), nearly double the Rotherham average score of 29 (28 in 2015), with an SOA equivalent rank of 2,148 (7th percentile).

Deprivation in the ward

Deprivation in Dalton & Thrybergh ward is well above the borough average and in most of the ward is also well above the national average. Five neighbourhoods, Thrybergh South, Dalton, East Herringthorpe East, Thrybergh East and East Herringthorpe North are all within the most deprived 10% in England.

LSOA code (2011)	LSOA Local Name	IMD Score 2019	IMD Score 2015	IMD Rank 2019	IMD Rank 2015	IMD Decile 2019	IMD Decile 2015
E01007737	East Herringthorpe Nor	68.63	70.39	323	257	1	1
E01007721	Dalton	59.01	58.76	1013	1039	1	1
E01007719	Thrybergh South	58.23	58.09	1090	1106	1	1
E01007723	East Herringthorpe East	53.63	49.83	1652	2256	1	1
E01007727	Thrybergh East	53.20	47.36	1693	2723	1	1
E01007720	Thrybergh North & Ho	31.90	30.19	7118	8160	3	3

Rotherham Data Hub



Income deprivation - children & older people

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024

The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)

combines information from the seven domains to produce an overall relative measure of deprivation. In addition to the overall deprivation measure, there are two supplementary measures:

- The **Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI)** which measures the proportion of all children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families
- The **Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI**) which measures the proportion of all those aged 60 or over who experience income deprivation.

Both of these measures are absolute measures, based on the proportion of income deprived households in that area.

The IMD is not produced at a ward level, for the purposes of these ward profiles scores have been aggregated to calculate ward deprivation rankings.

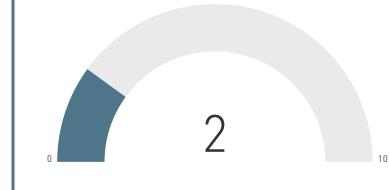
Ward Income Deprivation Affecting Children (IDACI) Rank

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



Ward Income Deprivation Affecting Older People (IDAOPI) Rank

Where 1 is most deprived and 25 is least deprived



Narrative

In Dalton & Thrybergh ward, the proportion of all children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families is 39.1% and the proportion of those aged 60 or over who experience income deprivation is 31.1%. Dalton & Thrybergh ward has the highest proportion of children aged 0-15 living in income deprived families. The ward with the highest proportion of those aged 60 and over who experience income deprivation is Rotherham East ward at 36.9%.

Age group	No. of income deprived in ward	Ward % income deprived	2019 Roth average percent
Children 0-15	740	39.11	21.67
All people	2730	30.97	16.80
Older people 60+	610	31.11	16.30
Working age 16-59	1380	27.81	15.35

Data source

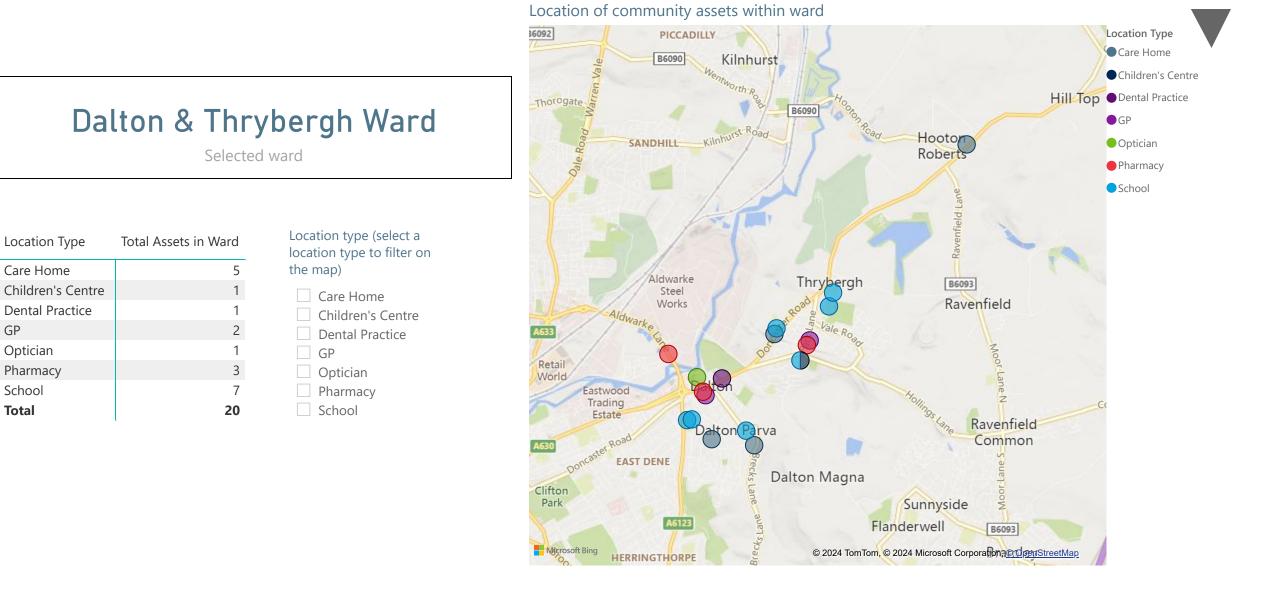
Indices of deprivation 2019, Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government Data updated every 4 to 5 years.



Community assets map

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



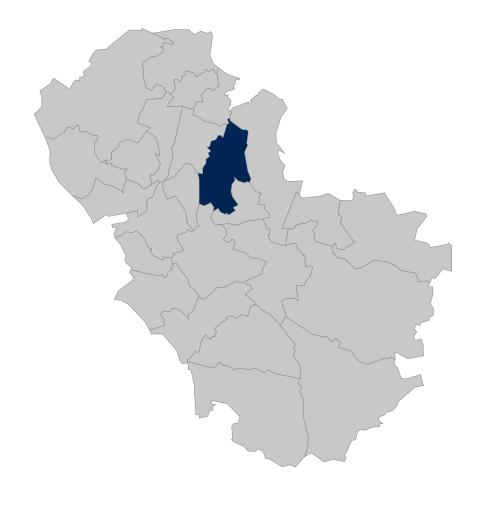


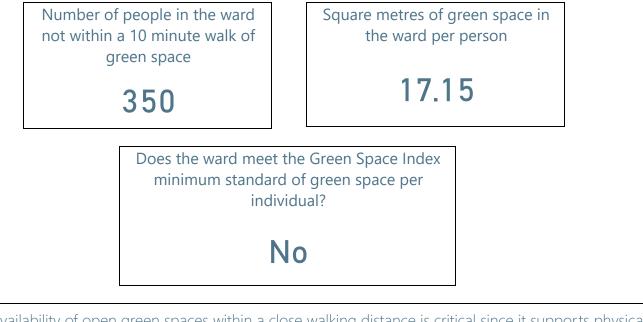
Access to green space

DATA REFRESHED: 1 FEBRUARY 2024



Ward location





The availability of open green spaces within a close walking distance is critical since it supports physical activity and encourages us to engage in regular exercise.

The source of the data contained within this section is the Green Space Index 2023, which is commissioned by The Ordinance Survey and undertaken by Fields in Trust on their behalf.

For more information, please visit <u>www.fieldsintrust.org/green-space-index</u>



Levels of crime in the ward

Levels of recorded crime and anti-social behavior in Dalton & Thrybergh ward are higher than the Rotherham average.

Recorded crime

In Dalton & Thrybergh ward in 2021 there were a total of 1,372 recorded crimes. This equates to 148 recorded crimes per 1,000 population compared to 110 per 1,000 population for Rotherham.

Ward name	Total Crimes 2021	Total crimes 2022	Total crimes 2023
Dalton & Thrybergh Ward	1372	1373	1501
Total	1372	1373	1501

ASB narrative
In Dalton & Thrybergh ward in 2021, there were a total of 279
recorded incidents of anti-social behaviour. This equates to 30
recorded incidents per 1,000 population, compared to 19 per 1,000
population for Rotherham.

Ward name	Total ASB 2021	Total ASB 2022	Total ASB 2023
Dalton & Thrybergh Ward	279	234	228
Total	279	234	228

Data source: www.police.uk crime statistics



Data sources contained within this document include:

Population - ONS Census data via NOMIS Ethnicity - ONS Census data via NOMIS Religion - ONS Census data via NOMIS Housing - ONS Census data via NOMIS Households - ONS Census data via NOMIS Unemployment claimants aged 16-64 - ONS Claimant Count via NOMIS Types of employment - Business Register and Employment Survey via NOMIS General Health - ONS Census data via NOMIS Disability - ONS Census data via NOMIS Life expectancy at birth - Public Health England Fingertips Causes of death - Public Health England Fingertips Overweight and obesity in children - Public Health England Fingertips Highest level of education - ONS Census data via NOMIS Key Stage 2 and Key Stage 4 attainment - RMBC Children & Young People's Services Index of Multiple Deprivation - Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government Community assets map - OpenStreetMap via TomTom/Microsoft Corporation Access to green space - Green Space Index 2023 commissioned by The Ordinance Survey and undertaken by The Fields in Trust Crime data - <u>www.police.uk</u>